PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. L. FRITZ
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Front Room, Over Postoffice.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE.—Room No. 3, COLUMBIAN building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 20th 1888, tf.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Exit's Building. BLOOMSBURG, PA

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on second floor, third room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Third floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Mowers' Building, 2nd floor.
may 1-tf

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
Pensions and Bounties Collected.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office over Dentler's shoe store, Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-30,86.

W. H. RHAWN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets

MICHAEL F. EYERLY,
Conveyancer, Collector of Claims.
—AND—
LEGAL ADVICE IN THE SETTLEMENT OF ESTATES, &c.
Office in Dentler's building with F. P. Billmeyer, attorney-at-law, front rooms, 2nd floor Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-g-86.

DR. HONORA A. ROBBINS.
Office and residence, West First street, Bloomsburg, Pa. nov26 86 1y.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa

DR. WM. M. REBER Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market treet.

ESTABLISHED 1870.
J. J. BROWN.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence on Third street near Methodist church. Diseases of the eye a specialty.

J. C. REIFSNYDER, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office with Dr. Willits in Mrs. Ent's building

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath room; hot and cold water; and all modern conveniences.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
North American of Philadelphia.
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania, " "
York, of Pennsylvania.
Hanover, of N. Y.
Queens, of London.
North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24. 1y

Bloomsburg Fire and Life Ins. Agency.
ESTABLISHED 1865.
M. P. LUTZ
(Successor to Freas Brown)
AGENT AND BROKER
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

	Assets
Aetna Fire Ins. Co., of Hartford,	$ 9,998,388.97
Hartford of Hartford	5,988,609.97
Phoenix of Hartford	4,778,469.13
Springfield of Springfield	3,099,903.98
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,512,782.29
Guardian of London	20,603,325.71
Phoenix, of London	6,924,563.48
Lancashire of England (U. S. branch)	1,642,195.00
Royal of England " "	4,853,564.00
Mutual Benefit Life Ins. Co. of Newark, N. J.	41,379,228 38

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.

FIRE INSURANCE
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
HOME, OF N. Y.
MERCHANTS', OF NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON, N. Y.
PEOPLES' N. Y.
READING, PA.
GERMAN AMERICAN INS. CO., NEW YORK.
GREENWICH INS. CO., NEW YORK.
JERSEY CITY FIRE INS. CO., JERSEY CITY, N. J.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by AGE and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS. EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office in Barton's building, Main street, below Market, five doors below Klein's drug store, first floor.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov 22-1y

Exchange Hotel,
BENTON, PA.
The undersigned has leased this well-known house, and is prepared to accommodate the public with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel.
27dec87] ISRAEL DEPASS, Proprietor.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXII, NO 27
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL LII, NO 15

Best Pianos! Lowest Prices!!
D S ANDRUS & CO.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Steinway, Sohmer, Kranich & Bach Fischer, Emerson, Pease
PIANOS,
AND THE CELEBRATED
Wilcox & White Organs.
Pianos Tuned and Repaired by competent workmen.
Send for Catalogues.
21 WEST THIRD ST.,
Williamsport, Pa.
nov11-87-1y.

H. C. SLOAN & BRO.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
CARRIAGES BUGGIES, PHAETONS. SLEIGHS, PLATFORM WAGONS' &C
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

BOOK MAKING and BINDING.
Business men who have tried it find it greatly to their advantage to have Account Books made to order, to suit their special needs. Every kind of Blank Book, with or without printed headings, Check Books and Ruled Blanks I make in the best manner at honest prices. Unexcelled facilities for Numbering, Eyleting, Perforating, Punching and Stamping. Work for county and borough offices especially solicited. Miscellaneous Book Binding of the highest class. Missing magazines supplied. Estimates and particulars cheerfully furnished.
J. W. RAEDER,
7 and 9 Market St.,
WILKES-BARRE.
sept6-1yc&bro.

Spring Specialties
AT
LOWENBERG'S.
Light Colored Cheviots in
SACK
and 4-Button
CUTAWAY
SUITS,
WITH LOW CUT VESTS.
Fine Dark Blue and Black Worsteds, Corkscrew, Broadwale Diagonal and Block Worsted in Sacks and Cutaways, and
HANDSOME
OVERCOATS,
a pecial leader at $5.00
Very Pretty Children's
SUITS
Plain or pleated and belted in dark and light colors.
PRINCE ALBERTS
in all qualities.
NICE LIGHT SPRING
Sailor Suits
with Blue and Gray, also,
KILT SUITS
with Pleated Skirt for smaller Children
AT
D. LOWENBERG'S

INSURANCE AGENCY OF
J. H. MAIZE,
Office 2nd floor Columbian Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
LIFE.
Northwestern Masonic Aid Association, members 41,945. Paid to beneficiaries $4,051,628.17. Insurance non Masonic.
Travelers Life and Accident of Hartford.
FIRE.

CONTINENTAL of New York,	$5,238,981.28
AMERICAN of Philadelphia,	$2,301,307.60
NIAGARA of New York,	$2,390,479.56

Liverpool, London and Globe Fire Insurance Co., of London, the largest in the world, and the Imperial of London.
A liberal share of the business is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.
J. H. MAIZE, Agent.
June 1, 1888, tf.

NO ONE NEED
Remain
A DYSPEPTIC.
"I have been suffering for over two years with Dyspepsia. For the last year I could not take a drink of cold water nor eat any meat without vomiting it up. My life was a misery. I had had recommended Simmons Liver Regulator, of which I am now taking the second bottle, and the fact is that words cannot express the relief I feel. My appetite is very good, and I digest everything thoroughly. I sleep well now, and I used to be very restless. I am fleshing up fast; good strong food and Simmons Liver Regulator have done it all. I write this in hopes of benefiting some one who has suffered as I did, and would take oath to these statements if desired."
E. S. BALLOU, *Syracuse, Neb.*

CROWN ACME
THE BEST BURNING OIL THAT CAN BE MADE FROM PETROLEUM.
It gives a brilliant light.
It will not smoke the chimneys.
It will not char the wick.
It has a high fire test.
It will not explode.
It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.
WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON
With any other illuminating oil made.
We Stake Our Reputation,
As refiners, upon the statement that it is
THE BEST OIL
IN THE WORLD.
Ask your dealer for
CROWN ACME.
DANVILLE OIL COMPANY.
Trade for Bloomsburg and Vicinity Supplied by
MOYER BROS.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
sept2-1y.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!
—:o:—
G. W. BERTSCH,
THE MERCHANT TAILOR.
—:o:—
Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—:o:—
Suits made to order at short notice and a fit always guaranteed or no sale. Call and examine the largest and best selected stock of goods ever shown in Columbia county.
Store—next door to First National Bank,
MAIN STREET,
Bloomsburg Pa.

ALBUMS, PHOTOGRAPH, AUTOGRAPH AND Scrap, a large and complete line at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block.

ALL THE FINEST EXTRACTS—COLOGNE Sachets, Pomades, Hair Dyes and Bay Rum at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book store, Evans' Block, opposite Episcopal Church.

ALL PROPRIETARY AND PATENT MEDICINES at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, opposite Episcopal Church.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND WALL PAPER, A fine stock at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CASTILLE, TOILET AND MEDICATED SOAPS, a full line at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Upper Main street.

COMBS OF ALL KINDS, WELL SELECTED, AND at very low prices at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, third door above Iron street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CONDENSED MILK, COXE'S, NELSON'S AND Cooper's Gelatine, Tapioca, Sago, Arrow Root and all the prepared foods for children and invalids at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, first door above Hess' Boot and Shoe Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CANARY, HEMP, RAPE, MILLET, MAW AND Mixed Seed for the birds, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, first door below Creasy's Grocery Store.

FINE WRITING PAPERS, BY BOX, LOOSE OR in Tablet form, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NURSING BOTTLES, NIPPLES, RUBBER RATtles, Teething Rings and all requisites of the Nursery that will contribute to the baby's happiness, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, two doors above Evans & Eyer's Clothing Store.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY receipts carefully prepared at all hours at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

TOILET AND INFANT POWDERS, ROUGE, Cosmetic and gold and silver Diamond Dust, at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, No 68 Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

WALL PAPER—MANY KINDS AND MANY prices—at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa. june1,'87,tf.

J. R. SMITH & CO.
LIMITED.
MILTON, Pa.,
DEALERS IN
PIANOS,
By the following well known makers:
Chickering,
Knabe,
Weber,
Hallet & Davis.
Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.
—'.O.'.—
Catalogue and Price Lists
On application.
Sept2-86tf.

ORIGINAL STORY.

THE VANISHING INK.

HOW MISERLY OLD JONES OUTWITTED HIMSELF.

Old Jones was a miser, and perhaps, the worst one that ever lived, for though he did not go so far as to starve himself or denying himself fire, he certainly loved money better than his soul.

However he had come to be fifty years of age before he bethought him of his worst trick—before he became a thief in fact as well as in wish.

On that day he saw in the newspaper he borrowed from his neighbor, and only returned when asked for, an advertisement stating that a certain person had for sale an ink which, black as a raven's wing at first, faded in sixteen days and left no trace of what had been written with it.

"An excellent ink," said the advertisement, "for love letters."

Now, old Jones never wrote a love-letter in his life, but he certainly addressed that advertiser, and received a small, sealed box that day; and it was very singular that when poor David Grimes died, his widow found only a bit of blank paper where she was sure she had put the receipt for rent, and that the orphan children of Dr. Dunn discovered that their father had no document to prove that he had paid off the mortgage Jones held on the place though he had thanked heaven that it was done with his last breath. However, nobody knew anything about the vanishing ink, and their little house was taken from them. One went out as a nursery governess, the other learned dress-making: and Jones' young nephew, Oliver, an independent young fellow, who never thought to curry favor with his rich uncle, went over to his house and gave him a piece of his mind.

"A thousand dollars was nothing to you, Uncle," he said. "I believe the doctor paid it, but if he did not, how could you turn the girls out of house and home!"

"You have no right to dictate to me, young man," cried old Jones. "Perhaps you think, as my next of kin, my money will go to you when I die. It shan't; not a penny of it; no, not a penny of it. But I see what it is. You're sweet on Kitty Dunn. You want the house!"

"I love Kitty Dunn. I shan't deny that," replied Oliver; "but all I want is to be able to marry her. However, I'll work hard."

"You'll wait for my old shoes," yelled the old man; "but I swear you shan't get a penny. Not one cent. Get out of my house. My brother always was an abusive, insulting fellow, and you are his image."

"Thank God I don't resemble you," retorted Oliver, as he marched away, wishing that he knew how to make more than five dollars a week, enough at least to enable him to save Kitty from dress making; ashamed of his uncle, who, he felt sure, cheated the poor doctor and his orphans.

It is not well for gentlemen of apoplectic tendencies to fall into great rages. Old Jones discovered this that night. After swearing so that the only wonder was that the ground did not open and swallow him, he had something the nature of a fit. Happily for him a neighbor saw him stagger and fall as he came out to fasten his gate, and helped him into the house and sent for the doctor.

The doctor came, shook his head, and advised him to settle his affairs and send for the minister.

"It it as bad as that?" asked old Jones. "No matter for the minister. Send for Lawyer Peabody. I haven't made my will, and if I die my good-for-nothing nephew, Oliver, will get all I leave."

Lawyer Peabody, summoned in haste, came at once.

"I want my will made," said old Jones.

"Certainly, sir," said Mr. Peabody.

"What's a good charity?" asked Mr. Jones.

"I beg pardon?" said the lawyer.

"I want to leave my money to some one—something away from nephew Oliver. He'll—get it—if I don't!" panted Jones.

"There's the Indigent Widows' Home," said the lawyer.

"Hate women!" gasped old Jones.

"Destitute Clerk's Association," said the lawyer.

"No; Oliver might get taken in there in his old age. Who is the richest man in the county?"

"Old Captain Waddilove—worth a million," said Mr. Peabody.

"I'll leave it all to him," said the miser.

Mr. Peabody knew him too well to remonstrate. He took some paper from the escritoire, and he also filled up an empty ink stand with a small bottle of ink which he found, and went to work. The miser, lying with closed eyes, begged him to express his—Mr. Jones'—high respect for the character of old Captain Waddilove, and to say that this, as well as that spendthrifts should not waste his savings, was his motive in leaving all to him unknown, as he was.

It took two people to hold the miser up in bed while he feebly traced his signature, but this once done, he chuckled and laughed, and boasted that he had outwitted Oliver.

That night his mind wandered. The next day he lost all use of his limbs. But he lived a fortnight more, and died at last quite suddenly, after trying to swear at the good old minister, who strove to recall him to a sense that he had a soul.

The funeral was over. Not a tear was shed. The time for the reading of the will had come.

"Perhaps, Mr. Oliver, you had better hear it," said Mr. Peabody. "You are the heir-at-law but for this, I fairly warn you that your late uncle has proved his ill feeling towards you to be deep-seated; but I would like you to come."

"I'll come," said Oliver, "I know my uncle hated me. I expect nothing."

And so he sat in the queer little parlor, where curious neighbors assembled to hear what miser Jones had done with his half million of money.

The lawyer sat in their midst. He held in his hand a paper indorsed: "Last Will and Testament of X. Jones, Esq." and after a few brief remarks, slowly unfolded it. He stared in astonishment.

The pages, properly fastened together, were there but not a word of writing was visible upon them.

"Ladies and gentlemen," said Mr. Peabody, "this savors of a miracle. I know this to be the paper upon which I wrote the will of the late Xerxes Jones. Here is the seal under which the witnesses signed their names, but the testament itself has vanished from the paper."

Everybody crowded forward to look.

"In fact," said Mr. Peabody, "there is no will in existence. It is plain that writing of some sort has been here, but no words remain."

"No more they didn't," piped a faint old voice, "on my poor husband's rent receipt.

"Nor on the paper we thought proved our mortgage paid," sighed Miss Kitty Dunn.

"Aha!" said the lawyer. "I begin to understand." Then rising he went to the escritoire. "Here is the ink with which I filled the stand," he said; and carried it to the window.

"All is explained," said he. "This is marked 'Vanishing ink for love-letters, warranted to fade out in sixteen days' Ladies and gentlemen, we will not remark upon the conduct of one gone to his account, but you will be pleased to know that Mr. Oliver here is his uncle's heir and worth half a million of money."

Oliver could not believe it; nobody could; but it was true, and you may be sure that poor Widow Grimes had her money back; that all who had been cheated were repaid in full; and that Oliver and Kitty were married in a few weeks, and sent for Sister Ruth to live with them. And so, after all, the vanishing ink made everybody happy.

Mr. Cleveland to Tammany.

Tammany society or the Columbian order July 4th celebrated for the hundredth time the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. The following letter from President Cleveland was read:

Hon. James A. Flack, Grand Sachem.

DEAR SIR:—I regret that I am obliged to decline the courteous invitation which I have received to attend the celebration by the Tammany society on the birthday of our republic, on the 4th day of July next. The zeal and enthusiasm with which your society celebrates this day, afford proof of its steadfast patriotism, as well as its care for all that pertains to the advantage and prosperity of the people. I cannot doubt that the renewal of a "love and devotion to a pure Jeffersonian democratic form of government," which you contemplate, will suggest the inquiry, whether the people are receiving all the benefits that are due them under such a form of government. These benefits are not fully enjoyed when our citizens are unnecessarily diminished under the pretext of governmental support. Our government belongs to the people. They have decreed its purpose, and it is their clear right to demand that its cost shall be limited by frugality, and that its burden of expense shall be carefully limited by its actual needs, and yet the useless and dangerous surplus in the national treasury tells no other tale but extortion on the part of the government and the perversion of the people's intention. In the midst of our impetuous enterprise and blind confidence in our destiny it is time to pause and study our condition. It is no sooner appreciated than the conviction must follow that the tribute exacted from the people should be diminished. The theories which cloud the subject, mislead honest men, and the appeals to selfish men which deceive the understanding, make the reform, which should be easy, a difficult task. All those who propose a remedy for the present evils have always been the friends of American labor, and though they declare their purposes to further its interests in all their efforts, yet those who oppose reform attempt to disturb our working men by the cry that their wages and their employment are threatened. They advocate a system which benefits certain classes of our citizens at the expense of every householder in the land. A system which breeds discontent, because it permits the duplication of wealth without the corresponding additional recompense to labor, which prevents the opportunity to work by stifling production and limiting the area of our markets, and which enhances the cost of living beyond the laborer's hard earned wages. The attempt is made to divert the attention of the people from the evils of such a scheme of taxation, by branding those who seek to correct these evils as free traders and enemies of our working men and our industrial enterprises. This is so far from the truth that there should be no chance for such deception to succeed. It behooves American people while they rejoice in the anniversary of the day when their free government was declared to also reason together, and determine that they will not be deprived of the blessings and the benefits which their government should afford. Yours very truly,

GROVER CLEVELAND

Post-Office Statement for the Year.

A statement has been prepared by the post office department showing the number of post-offices established and the number discontinued, also the number of fourth class presidental postmasters appointed on resignations, removals and deaths, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1888. Following is the statement: Number of post offices established, 3,864. Number discontinued, 1,642. Number of postmasters resigned and successors appointed, 1224. Number of deaths, successors appointed, 625. Whole num of fourth class postmasters appointed during the year, 11,852. Number of presidential postmasters resigned and successors appointed, 382. Number removed and successors appointed, 20. Number of deaths, successors appointed, 34. Whole number of presidental postmasters appointed during the year, 436.

The Basis of His Inference.—Jobson—"What is Bobson's work on the *Daily Noon*?" Robson—"I think he takes care of Stock Exchange news." Jobson—"Have you ever seen him around the Exchange?" Robson—"No; but I saw him buy a book of 'Familiar Quotations' the other day."—*Puck.*

Pot-luck is the good fortune of the poker player.—*Puck.*

Down the Rapids to Death.

FLACK MAKES THE TRIP, BUT COMES OUT A CORPSE.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., July 4.—Robert William Flack, of 69 Apple street, Syracuse, lost his life to-day in an attempt to navigate the Whirlpool rapids in an open boat. This is the first fatality of the kind since the death of Capt. Webb in the summer of 1883. Flack was an Englishman, who came to Canada sixteen years ago and to the States four years ago. He was a carpenter and builder, but he had been a British soldier, a sailor and an engineer. He came to Niagara Falls a week ago to-day in answer to a challenge from Charles A. Percy, of this village, who last year made the voyage of the rapids and Whirpool successfully in a lifeboat of his own construction. The two were to race through the waters named from a point just below the Falls to Lewiston for $500 a side about Aug. 1.

Percy had the advantage of having made the trip, so Flack took the journey to-day for practice, merely selecting the Fourth as a time when big crowds would be at the Falls that he might gain more notoriety. Flack was perfectly confident of success. He came down from his hotel to the foot of the old Suspension Bridge at 2:15, his boat having preceded him an hour before. He was smoking a pipe coolly, and said he was all ready to start as soon as the crowd got where it could see him.

"I'm going to stop at the Whirlpool a few minutes," he said, "for the benefit of the reporters, and then I'm going on through Foster's Flats down the river to Lewistown. I hope I will have a rough voyage and turn about twenty somersaults, so as to prevent any other fellow from trying it. Goodby." And with that he stepped into his boat. Foster's Flats is a dangerous bit of water between the Whirlpool and the Devil's Hole, through which no barrel navigator or any other has had the courage to go. Flack's boat the Phantom, is an open boat about 15 feet long, 4 feet 9 inches wide and 34 inches deep. It was painted white outside and blue inside. Part of it was decked over, but the central open space was 8½ by 3½ feet in dimensions. It would have held a dozen passengers and weighed 700 pounds. In the bottom of the boat was a crank for moving the propeller, with rudder ropes on each side.

Flack seated himself in the stern of the boat and was strapped in by Joe Percy, brother of the rival navigator. Joe did the strapping down to perfection. Flack was clad in a blue flannel suit, with socks, and a handkerchief about his neck, given him by a lady friend. He cast off from the Maid of the Mist landing on the American side at just 3 o'clock. Big crowds had gathered on the bluffs on both sides, at the Manning and Buttery elevators and Deveaux College grounds on the American side, at Brundane's and Colt's elevators on the Canadian side, while the Suspension Bridge was lined with spectators.

The boat drifted slowly out into the stream until the central current caught it and then it was whirled quickly down into the seething, foaming waters of the rapids. A big wave tipped the craft bottom up inside of two minutes, but she righted again. Flack could be seen hanging on for dear life. Another wave, and the boat was buried from sight in the foam. Just below Buttery's elevator and above the college grounds is the third and most dangerous point. Here the boat was seen for a moment and then disappeared beneath a mountain of water. When she was next seen she was floating keel upwards, and thus she drifted into the Whirlpool.

A cry went up from the banks, and the query arose, Is Flack under the boat? The craft never righted again. The question was only finally settled when an hour later the boat was brought to land on the Whirlpool's margin and there overturned. The foolhardy navigator was found inside dead and stiff. Flack's sister, brother-in-law and eldest son witnessed the most critical part of the journey from the bluff overlooking the lower rapids and Whirlpool. When it seemed evident that the boat would stay in the Whirlpool until rescued Charles Percy stripped off his clothes, and, waiting until it came near to the shore, swam out and with the aid of two other swimmers towed the boat ashore. Flack was still buckled tightly to the boat. His face was black and his body bore the marks of the pounding received from the waves.

The boat entered the Whirlpool at 3:05 and was rescued at 4:05. The body was taken in charge by William Stephenson, of Woodstock, Ont., Flack's brother-in-law, and Undertaker McArthur, of Syracuse. It will be taken to Syracuse to night. Just as Flack was about starting on his voyage the President of the village of Niagara Falls received a letter from Silas M. Smith, of Syracuse, asking him to interfere and prevent the suicidal attempt, because Flack had a wife and five children dependent upon him for support. But Flack's start was made from the village of Suspension Bridge (outside of President Clark's jurisdiction) and the letter was received too late.

Be Courteous.

The editor of a Western paper has this to say: "The dead-geranium leaf-eared spotlet, whom fate has willed shall wither and blight the little weekly Dreadful around the corner, refers to the editor of this flourishing and influential journal as a pinfeather journalist and a can't-get-there dude. He also goes on to say that as a newspaper freak we are probably the finest specimen of the kind ever captured alive. Brethren of the press, this is all wrong. Let us be courteous to one another. In this work-a-day world of ours there is no influence so soothing and refining as that of courtesy. The soft, low-spoken word, the gentle smile, the kindly reference—who has not felt their balm, been helped over some rough place in life's pathway by their beneficial effect? Brethern of the press, again we say let us be courteous to one another, and let the little microbe pull his number five hat deep down over his eyes and ponder upon these words. Selah!"

Cleveland Speaks Out.

REASONS FOR HIS HAVING VETOED PRIVATE PENSION BILLS.

PENSIONERS ARE NOT MENDICANTS.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—In a message to Congress to-day returning without his approval a Senate bill to place the name of Mary Ann Dougherty on the pension rolls, the President gives a general exposition of his views in regard to pension legislation. The President first takes up the reasons advanced for the pensioning of Mrs. Dougherty. He says that a large share of the report of the Senate committee recommending the bill's passage consists of a petition signed by Mrs. Dougherty, in which she states that she resides in Washington, having removed here with her husband in 1863 from New Jersey; that shortly after their arrival in the city her husband, Daniel Dougherty, returned to New Jersey and enlisted in the Thirty-fourth New Jersey Volunteers; that she obtained employment in the United States Arsenal, making cartridges, and that while so engaged she was injured by an explosion. She also states that she had a young son killed by machinery in the navy yard, and that at the grand review of the army after the close of the war another son, 6 years old, was stolen by an officer of the army and has not been heard of since. She further says that her husband left his home in 1865 and has not been heard of since and that she believes he deserted her on account of her infirmities.

It is alleged in the report, the President says, that she received a pension as the widow of Daniel Dougherty until discovered that he was alive, when her name was dropped from the rolls. The petition of this woman is indorsed by the admiral and several other officers of the navy and a distinguished clergyman of Washington, certifying that he knew Mrs. Dougherty and believed the facts stated to be true.

HER RECORD WAS LOOKED UP.

There is no pretense made now that this beneficiary is a widow, though she at one time claimed to be, and was allowed a pension on that allegation. Her present claim rests entirely upon injuries received by her when she was concededly not employed in the military service. If the pension now proposed is allowed her it will be a mere act of charity.

Her husband, Daniel Dougherty, is now living in Philadelphia, and is a pensioner in his own right for disability, alleged to have been incurred while serving in the Thirty-fourth New Jersey Volunteers. Of this fact this beneficiary has been repeatedly informed. And yet she states in her petition that her husband deserted her in 1865 and has not been heard of since. It is alleged in the Pension Bureau that in 1878 she succeeded in securing a pension as the widow of Daniel Dougherty through fraudulent testimony and much false swearing on her part. The police records of the precinct in which she lived for years show that she is a woman of very bad character, and that she has been under arrest nine times for drunkeness, larceny, creating disturbance and misdemeanor of that sort. It happened that this claimant, by reason of her residence here, has been easily traced and her character and untruthfulness discovered. But there is much reason to fear that this case will find its parallel in many that has reached a successful conclusion.

EVERYBODY WANTS A PENSION.

The President then enters upon a consideration of pension legislation generally, and says:

I cannot spell out any principle upon which the bounty of the government is bestowed, through the instrumentality of the flood of private pension bills that reach me. The theory seems to have been adopted that no man who served in the army can be the subject of death or impaired health except they are chargeable to his services. Medical theories are set at naught and the most startling relation is claimed between alleged incidents of military service and disability or death. Fatal apoplexy is admitted as the result of quite insignificant wounds, heart disease is attributed to chronic diarrhoea, consumption to hernia and suicide is traced to army service in a wonderfully devious and curious way.

Adjudications of the Pension Bureau are overruled in the most peremptory fashion by these special acts of Congress, since nearly all the beneficiaries named in these bills have succe-sfully applied to that bureau for relief. This course of special legislation operates very unfairly. Those with certain influence or friends to push their claims procure pensions, and those who have neither friends nor influence must be content with their fate under general laws. It operates unfairly by increasing in numerous instances the pensions of those already on the roll, while many other more deserving cases from the lack of fortunate advocacy are obliged to be content with the sum provided by general laws. The apprehension may well be entertained that the freedom with which these private pension bills are passed furnishes an inducement to fraud and imposition, while it certainly teaches the vicious lesson to our people that the Treasury of the National Government invites the approach of a private need.

REGARD FOR THE VETERAN SOLDIER.

None of us should be in the least wanting in regard for the veteran soldier, and I will yield to no man in a desire to see those who defended the government when it needed defenders liberally treated. Unfriendliness to our veterans is a charge easily and sometimes dishonestly made. I insist that the true soldier is a good citizen and that he will be satisfied with generous, fair and equal consideration for those who are worthily entitled to help. I have considered the pension list of the Republic a roll of honor, bearing names inscribed by national gratitude and not by improviden and indiscriminate almsgiving. I have conceived the prevention of the complete discredit which must ensue from the unreasonable, unfair and reckless granting of pensions by special acts to be the best service I can render our veterans.

In the discharge of what has seemed to me my duty as related to legislation and in the interest of all the veterans of the Union army, I have attempted to stem the tide of improvident pension enactments, though I confess to a full share of responsibility for some of those laws that should not have been passed. I am far from denying that there are cases of merit which cannot be reached except by special enactment, but I do not believe there is a member of either house of Congress who will not admit that this kind of legislation has been carried too far.

NOT TIME TO EXAMINE ALL CASES.

I have now before me more than one hundred special pension bills which can hardly be examined within the time allowed for that purpose. My aim has been at all times kind dealing with bills of this charcter; to give the applicant for a pension the benefit of any doubt that might arise and which balanced the propriety of granting a pension if there seemed any just foundation for their application; but when it seemed entirely outside of every rule in its nature or the proof supporting it I have supposed I only did my duty in interposing an objection.

It seems to me that it would be well if our general pension laws should be revised with a view of meeting every meritorious case that can arise. Our experience and knowledge of any existing deficiencies ought to make the enactment of a complete pension code passable. In the absence of such a revision, and if pensions are to be granted upon equitable grounds and without regard to general law, the present methods would be greatly improved by the establishment of some tribunal to examine the facts in every case and determine upon the merits of the application.

OTHER VETOES YESTERDAY.

The President also returned without his approval the Senate bill to grant a pension to Joel B. Morton, of Nebraska, as dependent father of Calvin Morton.

The Senate bill to pension Polly H. Smith, widow of Lieutenant John H. Smith, of the Second Artillery, who served in the army from 1854 to 1870, was also returned without Executive approval. In 1870 Lieutenant Smith was placed on the retired list on account of his disability resulting from a fistula, thought to be the result of continuous riding in the saddle. In 1885 he died suddenly at Portland, Oregon, of heart disease while attempting to raise a trunk to his shoulder. The President says: "I can not see how the cause of death can be connected with his service or with the incapacity for which he was placed on the retired list. The application made by the widow for a pension is still pending before the Pension Bureau, and I understand that she, or her friends, prefer taking the chance of favorable consideration there to the approval of this bill."

A Hair Groomer.

A NEW YORK WOMAN'S NOVEL OCCUPATION FOR MAKING A LIVING.

From the New York Sun.

The names of the occupations which refined women in reduced circumstances are seeking nowadays are legion. A reporter was introduced by a friend the other day to a lady who was earning a very comfortable livelihood as a hair groomer. "I'm not a hair dresser," she said, "I'm a hair groomer. I don't do up hair at all. I only comb the hair and give it that general attention which every woman's hair demands two or three times a week. There are lots of women in this city who are in this business, and who would scorn to call themselves professional hair dressers.

"What do I do to the hair? Well, first I rub it dry with a soft and then with a hard brush. I don't put a lot of water and cleaning stuff upon the hair at first, as some do, but after I have got the dandruff all out I wet the hair with a simple solution, which I know to be effective and not deleterious; then I rub and brush the hair dry again. Next comes the trimming. I pull out the gray hairs one by one taking care to pull them so that the scalp is not lacerated and the hair cells themselves destroyed. There is a great art in pulling out hairs. You must pull them in the direction in which they lie in the scalp, just as you would a sliver of wood from your hand, in the direction in which it entered. Men or women can't pull out their gray hairs themselves, for it is utterly impossible for them to see that they are pulling the hairs on the proper slant. Of course, you know that people are very touchy on the subject of gray hairs in their heads. It makes a woman have the blues for a week when her first gray hairs come. Now when gray hairs are the result of age I never meddle with them; the only thing to do is to let them come. But they are often the result of sickness or some other little trouble, and it is then often possible to prevent their coming. Baldness is to be doctored in just the same way. I can never cure, though, and nobody can cure the baldness of people like accountants and others accustomed to work all day with the glare and heat of gaslights or electric lights beating down upon their heads. In their cases the hair cells have been literally burnt out.

"Well, finally I trim the hair. I cut each individual hair separately, so as to make it even with the others. When the hair is gathered up in the hand and cut square across in a lump, as it were, with the scissors the straggling hairs are not reached. The result is only to make the hair shorter and quite as uneven as before. Then I part the hair simply and do it up plainly. As I told you, if women want their hair done up in any of the fancy styles they must come to me.

"How much does it pay me? Well, I generally think I ought to get $1 at least each time I visit a lady's house. If a lady lives a great way up town, and it takes me all afternoon or morning to go up and see her, I want more money, of course. And on the contrary, when two or three patrons live near each other, why, I can moderate the price a little to each one. It is an humble way of getting a living, I know, but it is respectable, and I shall stick to it."

Your House on Fire.

Not the house of wood, or brick, or stone, in which you live, but your bodily tenement may be in terrible danger from smouldering fire which you make no effort to quench. The great danger from impure blood is that it debilitates the system, and the digestive organs grow weak and inactive. Hood's Sarsaparilla combines the best kidney and liver invigorators, with the best alteratives and tonics, all from the vegetable kingdom, carefully and understandingly prepared in a concentrated form. It purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and tones up the system, giving the whole body vitality, and effectually guarding it against the attacks of disease.

Good News.—"Ladies' hats reduced," is a sign on a Gratiot Avenue store. This will be good news to theatre-goers. —*Detroit Free Press.*

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender, } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ALLEN G. THURMAN,
of Ohio.

STATE.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
J. B. McCOLLUM,
of Susquehanna County.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE OF THIS JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
CHARLES G. BARKLEY,
to be voted for at the next Democratic Delegate Election and County Convention. 1t.

REPUBLICANS NOW CALL their ticket "the 'on' combination," namely, HARRIS-ON, MORT-ON and Protecti-on. They should add, also, excessive taxati-on.

James G. Blaine is expected home from Europe July 27. Gresham and Depew, the two disappointed candidates of the Chicago convention who have just sailed for Europe, will not have the pleasure of holding a ratification meeting with the Plumed Knights.

E. R. Ikeler Esq. whose name has been announced as a candidate for President Judge, has been out seeing the people in relation to his candidacy. The district embracing Columbia and Montour counties, and the delegate election in each being close at hand, it will require diligent work on his part to canvass both counties.

Petitions have been presented to the Governor by the friends of H. M. Hinckley Esq. of Danville, and L. E. Waller Esq. of Bloomsburg, respectively, asking for the appointment as President Judge. One of them will be appointed, and will hold the position until the first Monday of January. As Judge Elwell's resignation takes effect on the 31st. of July, the appointment will no doubt be made by that time.

We are authorized to state that Charles G. Barkley will not make a personal canvass for the office of President Judge, as it has never been done heretofore, and he believes that the character and importance of the office are such as to make it desirable for the people to calmly exercise their judgment, in the selection of a proper candidate.

Inconsistency, Where is Thy Blush?

The republican organs and orators are busy just now condemning the actions of those they once lauded to the skies. Notably among these are ex-President Arthur, whose views on the subject of tariff reform were published in the *Patriot* a few days since, and General Grant, in whom they professed to have unlimited faith. In his message to Congress in 1875 President Grant used the following strong language in reference to a reduction of duties:

"I would mention those articles which enter into manufactures of all sorts. All duty paid upon such articles goes directly to the cost of the article when manufactured here and must be paid for by the consumer. These duties not only come from the consumers at home but act as a protection to foreign manufacturers in our own and distant markets."

According to republican orthodoxy of to-day Grant was a rank free trader, as be favored the removal of the duties on *all* raw material. In connection herewith the attention of the high protection shriekers is called to the expressed views of another shining light in the party, one who was a prominent candidate before the last Chicago convention. Hon. William B. Allison in a speech delivered in the Forty-second congress (page 192 of the *Congressional Record* of that year) said:

"The tariff of 1846, confessedly and professedly a tariff for revenue, was, so far as regards all the great interests of the country, as perfect a tariff as any that we have ever had. If any interest was depressed under the tariff of 1846 it was the iron interest. I do not believe that this interest, as compared with other interests, had sufficient advantage under that tariff; yet when we compare the growth of the country from 1840 to 1850 with the growth of the country from 1850 to 1860, the latter decade being entirely under the tariff of 1846, or the amended and reduced tariff of 1857, we find that the increase in our wealth between 1850 and 1860 was equivalent to 126 per cent., while it was only 64 per cent. between 1840 and 1850, four years of which decade were under the tariff of 1842, known as a high protective tariff."

Mr. Allison then compares the tariff rates of 1842, and 1857, and the existing rates, and says:

"Our industries were generally prosperous in 1860, with the exception, possibly, of the iron industry. This was the statement of Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, on this floor, during the discussions of the tariff in 1864."

"Can these things be and overcome us like a summer's cloud without our special wonder?"—*Patriot.*

Fairbairn A Defaulter

WILKES-BARRE, July 8.—Frederick Fairbairn, of Plymouth, superintendent for Luzerne County of the Maloney Oil Company and the Pennsylvania Globe Gas Light Company of Philadelphia, disappeared from his home on June 20. For some time his family kept the matter a secret, hoping that he would return, but on Friday last he was heard of as being in Canada, and now the officials of the oil company find that for three months he was systematically appropriating the money he collected and falsifying his books.

In sending in his collections he reported that the merchants he dealt with were hard pressed and wanted more time, whereas they had been paying regularly. He had obtained large quantities of goods and given orders for oil in payment. The total shortage can not be told, but it is thought it will be about $5000. He has a wife and two children, moved in good society and was esteemed an honorable and upright man.

Slave Trade vs. Free Trade.

A WORKINGMAN GIVES HIS VIEWS ON THE PRESIDENTIAL QUESTION.

The wage-workers have been studying the tariff question and many of them who have hitherto voted the Republican ticket have come to the conclusion that it is to their best interest to cast their ballots for Cleveland and Thurman who are the candidates of the anti-monopoly party and opposed to the rule of a moneyed aristocracy. One of them said recently:

"I am done with the Republican party. It was a good party once, when it made war upon slavery, but it has fallen into the control of men who deal in human flesh and blood to-day much as the slave masters did in former times. Why, look at them! The men who controlled the Chicago convention are all of them monopolists whose palaces are literally built of the bones of the working people whose lives were worked out to enrich these nabobs. The Vanderbilts, Chauncey Depew, and the hired attorneys of the Pacific railroad companies managed that convention to suit themselves. The candidate for vice president, Morton, is a money shaver whose riches were wrung from the labor of the country in interest on the money the laboring men earned. He was nominated because the managers of the convention expected him to go into the vote market and buy the suffrages of the poor like so much meat in the butcher stall. Do you suppose I could support such a ticket?

"Yes! I say the men who now manage the republican party deal in the muscle and brain of the workingmen as the slave-master did of old. They talk against *free trade.* Well, no wonder. They are in favor of *slave trade.* They import the most ignorant, degraded and vicious people of foreign countries and put them to work in the place of free, intelligent and well behaved American workingmen. They evade the law in bringing these men here by shipping them in at ports where there are no immigration commissioners and on the northern frontier, thus imitating the pirates that used to be engaged in the African slave trade. I put it to you, ought not a workingman to prefer *free trade* in the necessaries of life to *slave trade* in human flesh and blood?

"I have worked as a mill hand under the so-called protective tariff for twenty years and I have yet to see the high wages they blow about so much. Not one in fifty of my fellow workingmen owns his dwelling house and many of them live in miserable tenements for which they pay a high rent. They can lay up nothing, for poor wages, shut-downs of mills, and high cost of living make it impossible. I am ready to try a different system. It can't make things worse for us and may make them better.

"I had my eyes open after the last election. Our bosses had told us that if Cleveland would be elected their mills would shut down indefinitely, for they would certainly be ruined. I voted for Blaine, but Cleveland was elected and the mill has been running just about as regularly as it did before. Now they tell us again that if Cleveland is re-elected the mill is to be closed. That cock wont fight any more. As Cleveland has done us no harm I want to give him a chance to carry out his policy and see if it will not do us some good."

Mr. Randall Seriously Ill.

A HEMORRHAGE THAT ALARMED HIS FRIENDS AND PHYSICIAN—STILL IN DANGER.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Mr. Randall is dangerously ill at his residence on C street, in this city, suffering with what his physician fears will result in inflammation of the bowels. He was first attacked last evening, the premonitory symptoms appearing in griping pains in the abdomen, followed later by profuse hemorrhage of the bowels. At noon yesterday Mr. Randall was apparently in excellent health. In the heated term he wore underclothing usually worn by him in winter and wore a heavy silk hat. He has the extravagant fondness of a boy for ice cream, and yesterday afternoon he invited Mr. Sowden, of Pennsylvania, to join him in partaking of his favorite dish. They went to a restaurant and Mr. Randall ate about a pint, mixing red raspberries in it. At dinner Mr. Randall had but little appetite and later in the evening complained of griping pains in the abdomen. He became worse and after the arrival of a physician a profuse hemorrhage of the bowels set in. During the night he slept but little and at daybreak he did not appear to have mended perceptibly. During this forenoon his condition seemed to justify very grave apprehensions. Several times during the day it was rumored in the corridors of the Capitol, a few blocks away, that Mr. Randall might die at any moment.

Shortly before noon the physician who has always attended Mr. Randall and his family in Philadelphia was telegraphed to come on. He is expected to arrive here late to night.

Mr. Randall has suffered for some with fistula, and not long ago an operation was performed which kept him in bed for some time.

A Phonograph's Contents.

SPEECHES BY GLADSTONE AND BALFOUR AND A SONG BY PATTI.

A phonograph will arrive at Mr. Thomas A. Edison's laboratory at Llewellyn Park within a day or two, which, when it is allowed to give forth the sounds that are contained within it, will create no small degree of sensation. It contains the tones of the eloquent voice of William E. Gladstone, ex-Premier of England, the "Grand Old Man," who is now Ireland's dearest advocate. Still more—there is sealed up in the little instrument a song by the diva, Adelina Patti, and a speech by the Right Honorable Arthur James Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland. Mr. Edison sent this most perfect of all his phonographs to England some months ago with the idea of obtaining for the edification of the American people the sounds of the voices of the great English statesmen, Gladstone and Balfour, as well as those of the divine Patti, whose last and only farewell tour is still fresh in the memory of all lovers of music in this country. The mission was a success, and the phonograph, full of eloquence and song, is almost hourly expected to arrive. When Mr. Edison shall finally turn the crank which shall unwind the skein of language and music, a treat may be expected such as may never be experienced again until Gladstone, Balfour and Patti shall come in propria personæ.

When asked last evening as to the time of the phonograph's arrival Mr. Edison said: "It will be here by the next steamer."

NOTES AND NEWS.

Cleveland Will be Re-elected

From the Elmira Gazette, Hill's Organ.

President Cleveland will be re-elected. He is doing his duty manfully. The country is satisfied.

* * *

From the Utica Observer. Dem.

The *Observer* is more than satisfied with the nomination of Benjamin Harrison. Compared with Blaine he is weak—hopelessly weak. In New York the nomination will spur the Democracy on to an effort which will result in the burial of modern Republicanism under a tremendous adverse majority.

* * *

Merely a Second Hayes.

From the Boston Globe.

Harrison is another Hayes. Like Hayes he is of old Whig ancestry and antecedents; like Hayes he has a modest record of military service, like Hayes he has cut a brief and inconsiderable figure in the politics of his State; like Hayes he brushes his hair well back from a high and bulging forehead, wears full beard, dresses usually in black or in sombre shades and presents altogether that appearance and flavor of respectable mediocrity which is a typical product of Western Republicanism.

* * *

Likely to Make California Democratic.

From the Washington Post. Ind.

Although California led the break to Harrison in the convention yesterday her action was the result of causes other than a belief that he is strong in California. The fact is the California delegates went to Chicago to nominate Blaine. Failing in that they had no second choice, but went to Harrison because that seemed to be the natural tendency of the Blaine men. Mr. Harrison's record of opposition in the Senate to anti-Chinese legislation is the one weak place in his candidacy. It will be very likely to make California sure for the Democratic ticket.

* * *

From the Chicago News, Ind.

By the nomination of Benjamin Harrison the Republican party has happily eliminated the personality of Blaine from the coming campaign. Upon this one result not only the party but Blaine himself and the entire country is to be most heartily congratulated. In regard to Harrison's availability, so far as his personality and record will count in the campaign, he may be said to be a negative quantity. His nomination will not evoke any of that original enthusiasm that would have followed the nomination of such a candidate as Judge Gresham, for whom, in the West at least, there was a genuine popular demand. Mr. Harrison is, as Mr. Ingalls would say, not a leader. He is possibly a "somebody," like Hayes in 1876. He is not one of the men toward whom one feels an instinctive attraction.

* * *

Not a Man of the People.

From the Louisville Anzeiger, Ind.

Cleveland and Harrison are now before the American people. Cleveland during his administration proved to be a competent, conscientious official. By his statesmanl ke, conservative administration he has gained the unbounded confidence of the American people, and will undoubtedly down Harrison next November. Harrison has many bitter enemies among Indiana Republicans, and the friends of Gresham are not likely to forget the underhand manipulation at Chicago. Harrison is a man of the people in the better sense, and his capacities as a statesman are of inferior rank.

* * *

As Understood in New Hampshire.

From the Manchester Union.

The news of the nomination of Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, as the Republican candidate for President of the United States will probably be received by the rank and file of the party with a sense of relief that the convention did no worse, but such satisfaction as there may be in that philosophical estimate to the result must be tempered by the conviction that the fable of the mountain and the mouse has been told again. He enters the field labeled as the man best calculated to carry an important doubtful State. That is his single qualification over and above the qualifications possessed by scores of men in his party, and it remains to be seen whether he can make even that limited expectation good against the party of progress and the splendid record of the man of the people, Grover Cleveland.

* * *

The Republicans Can Expect Nothing From The German Americans.

From the Chicago Staats Zeitung.

His career in the Senate was not very prominent. He showed moral courage by his opposition to Chinese laws. His position in this respect will probably cost him the fourteen electorial votes of the Pacific States. In Indiana he has a certain strength, which is, however, more on his ability as a political "boss" than on his personal popularity. He has no magnetism at all. The Germans of Indiana, Republicans as well as Democrats, do not care for him, because under his influence the Republican party of Indiana declared itself for submitting a constitutional amendments in favor of prohibition to the vote of the people. The Republican candidate for Vice President, Levi P. Morton, is the man of his money bag. As a statesman, compared with Thurman, Morton is nothing. But the convention hoped by him to make a good impression on the State of New York, and that Morton would reach deep into his purse to fill the campaign fund. The National Convention before it adjourned adopted a resolution offered by Maine, in which the party was pledged to support all wise measures for the furtherance of temperance. The Republican party now stands as a temperance party, even if it has not the courage to pronounce itself openly for prohibition. It may by this nefarious trick bring back a few of the Prohibitionists who have fallen off, but how many German Republicans will after this stay true to the party?

Havoc by Wind and Rain.

TWO MEN AND TWO HORSES KILLED BY LIGHTNING IN SCRANTON'S STREETS.

SCRANTON, July 5.—The Lackawanna Valley was visited this afternoon by the most furious storm every known here. Two men and two horses were killed by lightning in Scranton and great damage was done thoroughout the valley. The rain fell in torrents, while the lightning flashes were sharp, vivid and almost incessant. The streets were flooded with water, and in unpaved portions deep gullies were worn, especially on the hillsides, the streets in Hyde Park and Providence faring the worst. The sewers were unable to carry off the heavy flow of water, which crowded over the pavements, filling the streets in the central part of the city from curb to curb, and the flood forced its way into numerous cellars, doing damage to merchandise beyond estimate.

The Lackawanna River, Roaring Brook and Meadow Brook, which yesterday hardly had enough current to carry away the city sewerage, were turned into foaming torrents, exceeding the highest floods of the winter season, washing and overflowing their banks in the lower part of the city and driving people from their homes and into the upper stories for safety.

At Jermynville and Barbertown hailstones larger than walnuts fell. The fruit trees were stripped of their limbs and leaves and all growing gardens and crops were totally destroyed. Trees were uprooted and struck by lightning all through the region, and for an hour the storm held full sway. The force of the lightning flashes was most severe in the city, the blinking streaks driving people in terror from windows and doors.

Two men were killed in this city. One of these, William Armstrong, a railroad brakeman was on top of a train of cars that was being backed into the ore dumps at the steel mill. The flash that prostrated him tore his body from head to foot, and, passing from the car, tore a large hole in the trestling, letting a loaded car drop partly through. The other victim was Bartley Reagan, who was employed on street repairs in Ward Street. The flash that killed him also killed both the horses he was driving.

The foundation walls under many houses were undermined and it is feared that some of them will fall. Among them is the new business block of Samuel Arnold on Pennsylvania Avenue. The flood of water that poured into some of the mine openings was such as to drive the miners out, the pumps not being able to carry the water out as it ran in. During the period of the storm consternation reigned everywhere and such excitement as it produced has not been surpassed by some of the worst mine disasters in this region.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, July 9th. 1888.

Representative Mills, of Texas, is the happiest man in the House, and he has good right to be. He has maintained from the time his tariff bill was first presented to the House, that it would pass: he was laughed at by some, sympathized with by some, and beleived by none. And it is now conceded by all, friend and foe alike, that the bill will be passed by the House in a short time. He has seen his bill endorsed by most of the State conventions and by the great national convention of his party. Is not all this enough to make a man happy?

The President has vetoed another batch of private pension bills, and accompanying one of the vetoes was a letter of some length, which must have brought blushes of shame to the face of more than one member of the House and Senate pension committees. He fully explained his position in regard to this class of legislation, and proved conclusively to the mind of any unprejudiced reader, that he is not unfriendly to the soldier or his widow. The great number of vetoes have been caused by the careless manner in which bills have been passed by Congress.

The Republicans are not dwelling in unity. Representatives Cannon of Illinois, and Kelly, sometimes called "Pig iron," of Pennsylvania, have been at daggers' points, and over what? The tariff. Cannon believes in free sugar, and a bounty for the American manufacturer: Kelley believes in a high protective tariff, and wants to know why such an idea is not just as applicable to the sugar planter of Louisiana as to the Eastern manufacturer. Kelley wanted to read Cannon out of the Republican party for daring to have an idea outside of protection. The democrats of the House, who are, with half a dozen exceptions, completely united in favor of revenue reform, enjoyed the wordy duel between the Republicans.

The House is working very hard to finish up the business before it; the Senate is taking things in its usual leisurely way. Last week it was in session only two days.

Now that the Republicans of the Senate are confronted with the necessity of getting up a tariff bill which shall represent the opinions of the republican party, in order to offer it as a substitute for the Mills bill when that measure gets to the Senate, they are in a quandary as to what to do; every Senator has a different idea as to what is best. They are realizing the old adage that "it is easier to criticise than to create."

The report that Postmaster General Dickinson had written a letter protesting against the railway mail employes being placed under the provisions of the civil service law, was entirely without foundation.

Mr. Cleveland spent the Fourth in office, at the White House, hard at work over a lot of bills. In the evening he drove out to Oak View.

The House has passed the Holman substitute for the Senate railroad land forfeiture bill. The Senate bill forfeited 5,627,436 acres. Mr. Holman's substitute forfeits 54,323,996 acres. A slight difference.

Among the thousands of democrats who attended the Baltimore convention of democratic clubs and afterwards came through Washington, was Hon. John Winans, Mayor of Janesville, Wisconsin, and who is understood to be the democratic nominee for Governor of that State this year. In reply to the questions as to the prospect of democratic success in Wisconsin, Mr. Winans said: "We shall make a very strong effort to carry the State this fall for Cleveland, Thurman, and tariff reform. The effort is already underway. Our democratic clubs are strongly organized and numerous. We shall push them in every direction, and shall make the first strong and united effort to carry the state since the Tilden and Hendricks campaign. The republicans have been growing weaker there for years, and their present attitude on the tariff is the last straw. Our people, irrespective of party, are tired of being mercilessly taxed for the benefit of a privileged class of manufacturers.

John Sherman is still growling about the alleged purchase by Alger of fifty of the former's Southern delegates to the Chicago convention. It will probably take Sherman a long while to recover from the loss of his money and expectations. If Alger bought any Southern Sherman delegates, it is extremely probable that he was the second purchaser.

The Opposing Tariff Planks.

THE DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN TARIFF PLANKS OF 1888.

THE DEMOCRATIC TARIFF PLANK.

THE TARIFF PLANK OF 1884.

The Democratic party is pledged to revise the tariff in a spirit of fairness to all interests, but in making a reduction in taxes it is not proposed to injure any domestic industries, but rather promote their healthy growth. Since the foundation of this government taxes collected at the custom house have been the chief source of Federal revenue; such they must continue to be; moreover, many industries have come to rely upon legislation for successful continuance, so that any change of law must be at every step regardful of the laboring capitol involved. The process of reform must be subject in execution to this plain dictate of justice—all taxation shall be limited to the requirements of an economical government. The necessary reduction in taxation must be effected without depriving American labor of the ability to compete successfully with foreign labor and without imposing lower rates of duty than will be ample to cover any increased cost of production which may exist in consequence of the higher rate of wages prevailing in this country. Sufficient revenue to pay all expenses of the Federal Government, economically administered, including pensions, interest and principal of the public debt, can be got under our present system of taxation from custom-house taxes on fewer imported articles, bearing heaviest on articles of luxury and bearing lightest on articles of necessity. We, therefore, denounce the abuse of the present tariff, and, subject to the preceding limitations, we demand that Federal taxation shall be exclusively for public purposes, and shall not exceed the needs of the government economically administered.

THE TARIFF PLANK OF 1888.

The Democratic party of the United States, in National Convention assembled, renews the pledges of its fidelity to Democratic faith, and reaffirms the platform adopted by its representatives in convention of 1884, and indorses the views expressed by President Cleveland in his last earnest message to Congress as the correct interpretation of that platform upon the question of tariff reduction; and also indorses the efforts of our Democratic Representatives in Congress to secure a reduction of excessive taxation.

THE REPUBLICAN TARIFF PLANK.

We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection; we protest against its destruction as proposed by the president and his party. They serve the interests of Europe. We will support the interests of America. We accept the issue and confidently appeal to the people for their judgment. The protective system must be maintained. Its abandonment has always been followed by general disaster to all interests, except those of the usurer and the Sheriff. We denounce the Mills bill as destructive to the general business, the labor and the farming interests of the country, and we heartily indorse the consistent and patriotic action of the Republican Representatives in Congress in opposing its passage.

We condemn the proposition of the Democratic party to place wool on the free list, and we insist that the duties thereon shall be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry.

The Republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue by repealing the taxes on tobacco, which are an annoyance and burden to agriculture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purposes, and by such revision of the tariff laws as will tend to check imports of such articles as are produced by our people, the production of which gives employment to our labor, and release from import duties those articles of foreign production (except luxuries) the like of which cannot be produced at home. If there shall still remain a larger revenue than is requisite for the wants of the government, we favor the entire repeal of internal taxes, rather than the surrender of any part of our protective system at the joint behest of the whisky ring and the agents of foreign manufacturers.

Points on the Tariff.

From Mr. Mill's Tammany Speech.

What the workingmen of this country want is plenty of work at higher wages. Neither can be obtained unless we can manufacture cheaply for wide markets. You cannot manufacture cheaply unless the raw material is cheap, and we must undersell our competitors in order to get markets all over the world.

Protection such as we have now does not benefit the workingman. It benefits the capitalist who, by means of protection, has a monopoly of some manufacture. He grows rich, but his workingmen do not, for he employs them at the lowest possible prices.

The policy of the new tariff is to hold up our manufactures, not to destroy them; to remove all impediments and give them every facility to grow.

Remember, the more consumers the more work. The more work the higher the wages. Money is only used in commerce to adjust balances. Commerce is really an interchange of commodities. Open up our markets and make raw materials cheap and the American problem is solved. Our country will then, indeed, be the greatest, the freest, the happiest, the most prosperous on the face of the earth!

Dime Novels Led Them To Death.

WICHITA. Kan., July 7.—Deputy Sheriff Metcalf brings news of the death of three Springfield (Ill.) boys recently murdered in Indian Territory. The boys' names were John Garwood, Hal. Halliday and Ed. Finley, the oldest not being over ninteen years of age. About two months ago they were first seen, when they said they had just come from Springfield. From their conversation it was supposed that they had been reading yellow covered literature and had come West to fight Indians. They were fully equipped with guns, knives, ammunition and a little money. While in the Seminole country their money was taken from them, and they accused an old Indian named Seminole Pete. The morning after the accusation old Pete was found dead in his cabin and the three young rangers gone.

They were immediately suspected of the murder and followed to their hiding-place, on the Redwood. The Indians set fire to some rubbish and, as the boys came from their dug out, they were shot. A party of white men the next day buried the remains. An effort is now being made to find the relatives of the deceased boys.

Converts to Tariff Reform.

REPUBLICANS DRIVEN FROM THEIR PARTY BY THE PLATFORM

The Philadelphia *Record* of Saturday gives the following account of convertions to tariff reform in Delaware county: A sensation has been caused in the upper end of Delaware county over the tariff that threatens to throw the champions of high protection into a ferment. In the quaint old borough of Darby the seeds of tariff reform have been planted, and they are taking root in a manner that carries consternation to the friends of Chairman Cooper. The burgess of Darby, Mr. Charles Lloyd Serrill, who was elected to that office in February last as a republican, now boldly proclaims himself a tariff reformer and declares that if he lives until November next he will vote for Cleveland.

A no less prominent resident of Darby, Mr. James McGahey, who has been engaged as a textile worker in Delaware county for years, and who has been looked upon as one of the leading republicans of the place, has also announced himself as an advocate of tariff reform. These gentlemen have made great progress among their republican neighbors in influencing them to view the subject as one calculated to better the condition of the working men as well as to help the manufacturing industries of the country.

The influence of the local press is also being directed in the same channel. The *Darby Independent* and the *Morton Chronicle,* published at Morton, heretofore considered independent in politics, have also taken up the cudgels in behalf of tariff reform, and the strong common sense editorials contained in these journals have awakened increased interest in the subject throughout the entire county. Their labors have been well rewarded, for many republicans have announced their intention of quitting their party and joining the democratic fold.

So successful has been the work of the champions of reduced tariff duties that it is proposed to organize a tariff dutie that it is proposed to organize a tariff reform association among the textile operatives of Darby and its vicinity. Burgess Serrill's election in February was almost a unanimous one as he had served a term in counsel and had won the respect of all the people in the borough, irrespective of party. His conversation to tariff reform proved a genuine sensation when it was first made public, but the burgess has plenty of reasons for the faith that is in him.

This is the way in which Burgess Serrill explains himself for supporting tariff reform:

No one party is essential to the salvation of our country. I believe in voting for whichever party is nearest right. I believe in voting for and sticking to principle, and in forsaking and throwing over party, if necessary.

Every monopolist in the land, every member of every "trust"—all foes of labor; almost every rich manufacturer, almost every unscrupulous speculator, will indorse the platform and vote the ticket of the republican party.

In 1884 the republican national convention censured the democratic party for failing "to relieve the burden of unnecessary taxation by a wise reduction of the surplus." It is unnecessary to give additional testimony of the feeling in those days. But what is the position of the republican party now? It is opposed to any reduction. It is opposed to any foreign competition whatever with domestic interests. It offers no remedy for the combinations and trusts all over the country which have erected their heads on the successful stifling of domestic competition. It stands for the crude, ill adjusted, hastily considered war tariff—duties which were levied amid the stress of war, and which could never have been levied in times of peace.

The republican party offers the workingman free tobacco; the democratic party offers him free wool, and free lumber, and free salt. How many workingmen of Darby, or any other town, if all questions of party were put aside, would vote for free whiskey in lieu of free wool and salt? And what would the wives of the workingmen say on this point if they had a voice?

The candidates of both parties are good, and the issue will be fought out by the people in November next entirely on principles. The platforms of the two parties will decide voters. The more I think of the republican platform the more monstrous it seems.

A year ago I believed in tariff reform—in reduction of duties and in lessened taxation. I still believe in them; and thus must go with the party which raises them aloft and rallies to their support.

N. O. Nelson, of St. Louis, a consistent republican, a declared protectionist and one of the largest manufacturers and handlers of iron goods in the west, has bolted the republican nominations, and will support Cleveland and Thurman. He denounces the platform in the following language: "It was made to win on and not to believe in. It is a campaign dodge. The protection plank as there expressed is merely an offset to the democratic plank for reduced tariff, and I think I represent a large number of republicans in objecting to it. The politicians gave the whole thing away when they declared for the obliteration of internal taxation to offset their high protection. They were pretty hard put." Mr. Nelson gives employment to 600 hands and manufactures machinery and steam plumbing goods. Mr. Nelson says he has already met scores of his republican friends who think as he does in the matter. He is one of the few manufacturers who share their profits with their workmen.

Generaral Rufus Barringer, of Charlotte, N. C., has left the republican party and will support Cleveland. He has been for twenty years one of the leading republicans of North Carolina, and has been liberal with both influence and money.

Rev. T. L. Cuyler and Rev. Dr. Storrs, both eminent clergymen of Brooklyn, and both pronounced republicans declare they cannot support Harrison on the monopoly tariff platform. General Rufus Barringer, of North Carolina, a prominent republican, has come over to the great majority who support Cleveland and Thurman.

C. S. Hasletine, William Widdicomb, G. M. Lemon and Joseph Martin, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, have startled the republican politicians of Michigan, by leaving their party and coming out for Cleveland and the red bandana.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

In re estate of Allen Mann late of Beaver township deceased.

Letters testamentary on said estate having been granted to the undersigned executors all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate to present the same to
ELIZABETH MANN, } Executors.
JACOB BAKER,
Mountain Grove P. O., Luz. Co., Pa.
Little, atty. July 6



THIS IS THE GENUINE!

Our *picture trade-mark* around every bottle. Cut this out and send it to your druggist. Refuse any *adulterated substitute* as you would *counterfeit money.* For 40 years, its healing fame has spread over Europe and America. Doctors prescribe it. All respectable druggists keep it, and recommend it. Thousands of families use it, and would not be without it. In sickness,

Every Drop Is Worth Its Weight in Gold!

Invaluable for Burns, Sunburns, Diarrhœa, Chafings, Stings, Piles, Sore Eyes, Feet, Inflammation and Hemorrhages of all kinds.

CAUTION.—See that the words "POND'S EXTRACT" are blown in each bottle, inclosed in a buff-colored wrapper, bearing our landscape trade-mark—none other is genuine. *Sold everywhere. Prices, 50c, $1, $1.75.*

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Av., New York.

Judge Trunkey's Funeral.

OIL CITY, July 10.—The funeral of Judge Trunkey took place at Franklin at 4 o'clock this evening. Long before the hour set for the obsequies the spacious Presbyterian Church was filled by citizens and visitors, who were desirous of paying a last tribute to the dead Judge. The services were conducted by the Rev. Jesse C. Bruce, assisted by Rev. Dr. Eaton and Rev. Robertson, of Allegheny City. The pall-bearers were Samuel Griffith, of Mercer; Samuel Plumber, C. H. Dale, P. McGough, F. W. Mitchell, S P. McCallmont, C. Heydrich, J. H. Osmer, C. W. Gilfilare, and A. E. Egbert, of Franklin. The members of the Supreme Court present were Isaac G. Gordon, Edward Paxson and Henry Williams, who had been colleagues of the dead Judge.

Members of the Venango county bar proceeded in a body from the Court House to the residence and followed the remains from there to the church. Several legal delegations were present from different portions of the State. A general sorrow is felt throughout the county, as Judge Trunkey was held in high esteem by all classes. He was known as a man of sterling worth and integrity and his death is universally regretted by all who knew him.

Old Republicans For Cleveland.

FOUR GRAND RAPIDS GENTLEMEN WHO CANNOT STAND THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 7.—Local political circles are discussing the open declarations of Dr. C. S. Haseltine, Wm. Widdicomb, G. M. Lemon and Joseph Martin, that they will vote for Cleveland. They have been stanch Republicans, and have stood high in social and political circles. Widdicomb was the Republican candidate for Mayor six years ago. They say they cannot stand the Republican platform, and have great admiration for President Cleveland's business administration.

The announcement made by these gentlemen has greatly agitated the Republican Politicians. The free whiskey plank in the Chicago platform has given cold shivers to many a temperance Republican who has stuck to his party because he thought more practical temperance legislation could be obtained from it than from the smaller Prohibition party. Any considerable defection of such Republicans, either to the Prohibitionists of the Democrats, would make the State Democratic. Even Republican managers do not claim it by more than 5,000. Such a defection, if once started, would probably be widespread.

Home Evidence

No other preparation has won success at home equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, it is now, as it has been for years, the leading medicine for purifying the blood, and toning and strengthening the system. This "good name at home" is "a tower of strength abroad."

People of Lowell

It would require a volume to print all Lowell people have said in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Albert Estes, living at 28 East Pine Street, Lowell, for 15 years employed as boss carpenter by J. W. Bennett, president of the Erie Telephone Company, had a large running sore come on his leg, which troubled him a year, when he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The sore soon grew less in size, and in a short time disappeared.

Jos. Dunphy, 214 Central Street, Lowell, had swellings and lumps on his face and neck, which Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured.

Praise Hood's Sarsaparilla

Mrs. C. W. Marriott, wife of the First Assistant Fire Engineer of Lowell, says that for 16 years she was troubled with stomach disorder and sick headache, which nothing relieved. The attacks came on every fortnight, when she was obliged to take her bed, and was unable to endure any noise. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after a time the attacks ceased entirely.

Many more might be given had we room. On the recommendation of people of Lowell, who know us, we ask you to try

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

CHURCH LETTING.

Sealed proposals for all materials, and for the erection of a stone church, will be received by the undersigned committee at the office of J. L. Moyer, Sec'y Bloomsburg, Pa., up to Saturday, July 7th, at 12 m. Plans and specifications can be seen at the house of D. J. Waller, or at the office of C. W. Miller in said town. Bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars must accompany each bid. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

C. W. MILLER,
J. L. MOYER,
L. E. WALLER,
Building Com. Pres. Ch.
June 22

CANDIDATES.

Candidates named under this heading are subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE OF THE 26th JUDICIAL DISTRICT,
E. R. IKELER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR SHERIFF,
ALEX. KANOUSE
of Jackson.

FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN WATTERS
of Scott township.

FOR SHERIFF,
GEO. W. DERR
of Greenwood.

FOR SHERIFF,
JOHN B. CASEY
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
FRANK P. BILLMEYER ESQ.
Of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
B. FRANK ZARR,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
E. M. TEWKSBURY
of Catawissa.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
JAMES T. FOX,
of Beaver township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
C. Z. SCHLICHER,
of Beaver township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
GEN. C. M. BLAKER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sarah Quick, deceased, of Bloomsburg.

Letters of administration on the said estate having been granted to the undersigned administrator all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to
WM. CHRISMAN, Admr.
July 6 88 6w*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John L. Moore, deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of Isaac A. DeWitt, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday June 26, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to attend to the duties of his appointment, when and where, all persons having claims against said estate, must appear and prove them, or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.
J. H. MAIZE, Auditor.
May 28 1888.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In reestate of William Stiler deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of William Samson administrator, will meet at the office of C. B. Jackson, Esq. at Berwick Pa., on Wednesday July 11, 1888 at eight o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested must appear and prove their claims, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
ROBT R. LITTLE, Auditor.
June 15 8w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary N. Harman deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the Executors of said estate, as shown by their first and partial account, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 21st day of July next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested are requested to present their claims before him, or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.
N. U. FUNK, Auditor.
June 23rd 1888, 6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Albert Ammerman late of Fishingcreek township deceased.

Letters of administration in said estate having been granted to the undersigned administrator, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to
MATTIE AMMERMAN, Admr.
J8

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Maria Hess late of Benton township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate will present the same for settlement to
JOHN R. KEELER, Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Robert McGuire late of Fishingcreek township deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to
ROBERT R. McGUIRE, Executor.
30 West Market St., Wilkesbarre, Pa.
June22 6t

DYSPEPTICS REJOICE In the Speedy Relief OBTAINED BY USING Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Sold by Tarrant & Co., N.Y., and Druggists everywhere.

July 13-r-4t.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Wheat per bushel	95	
Rye " "	56	
Corn " "	60	70
Oats " "	38	50
Flour " bbl	4.50 to	560
Butter	16	18
Eggs	14	16
Potatoes	60	80
Hams	12	16
Dried Apples	03	05
Side	07	10
Shoulder	09	12
Chickens	10	12
Geese		
Lard per lb	10	12
Vinegar per gal	20	30
Onions per bushel	1 00	1 50
Veal skins	07	
Wool per lb	35	
Hides	5 to 7	

COAL ON WHARF.

No 6 $2.00; Nos 2, 3, & Lump $3.25
No. 5 $3.00 Bituminus $3.25

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Reported by G. S. Palmer, Wholesale Commission Merchant, 166 Reade St., N. Y.

New York, July 9, 1888.

Our market continues very favorable on all shipments of small fruits now coming forward, such as strawberries, currants, huckleberries, blackberries, etc. As the general crops are not very large we look for good prices to hold. Strawberries are bringing to-day from 8 to 12c per qrt. Blackberries have a fair demand and prime fruit selling well, 9 to 12c per qrt., other grades 5 to 8c, according to quality. Cherries are mostly poor and sell slowly, but anything fancy and large will bring good prices, 10 to 12 per lb. Currants 5 to 7c a qrt., 4 to 6c per lb. Huckleberries ranging in price from 8 to 10c per qrt., for fancy, but fruit has to be fine to bring these quotations, boxes worth 75c to 1 25 according to quality, etc. Raspberries in irregular quality, but a few sales were made a trifle above present quotation; selling to-day from 4 to 6c per pint; 8 to 12c per qrt. Watermelons worth from 25 to 35c each. The butter market rather quiet, although prices remain apparently about the same; selling fancy creamery from 20 to 21c; select dairy tubs and pails 19, fair to good 17 to 18½c. Live spring chickens 20c per lb., fowls 13c., turkeys 8 to 10c. Dressed poultry, broilers. 28 to 34c per lb., according to size; fowls 13 to 14c. Choice dressed veals 8 to 9c. Lambs 7 to 8c. New potatoes $2 to $3 per bbl. Medium beans worth 2 40. Marrow 2 50 choice. White kidney 2 15 to 2 20; red 1 80 to 1 95 Evaporated apples 7 to 8c, fancy; fair to choice 6 to 7c. Cherries 17 to 21c. Raspberries 24 to 27c. Huckleberries, 1887, 9 to 10c. Market rather dull on wool at present. Domestic fleeces, xxx, 34 to 35c; xx, 30 to 33c; x 28 to 31c. Hay in moderate receipt and selling to-day from 75 to 95c. Rye straw 75 to $1. latter prime stock. Beeswax 23 to 24c per lb.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Wall St., N. Y.

The Columbian

☞ Published every Friday. Subscription price, $1.50 a year.
Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1888.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Arrive. P. M.	SOUTH. Arrive. A. M.	NORTH. Leave. A. M.	NORTH. Leave. P. M.
Bloomsburg	1 55	7 00		6 40
Main Street	1 44	7 53	8 49	6 42
Irondale	1 41	7 50	9 00	6 45
Paper Mill	1 33	7 40	9 14	6 54
Lightstreet	1 28	7 35	9 22	6 58
Orangeville	1 13	7 23	9 40	7 10
Forks	12 57	7 11	9 58	7 22
Tubbs	12 50	7 06	10 05	7 27
Stillwater	12 43	7 00	10 15	7 33
Benton	12 30	6 50	10 30	7 45
	Leave. P. M.	Leave. A. M.	Arrive. A. M.	Arrive. P. M.

Trains on the P. & R. R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:27 a. m.	11:00 a. m.
3:38 p. m.	6:01 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:12 a. m.	8:32 a. m.
11:07 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
2:24 p. m.	4:18 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:46 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
4.26 p. m.	4:19 p. m.
SUNDAY.	
NORTH. 10:16 a m	SOUTH. 6:39 p m

SALES.

FOR SALE.—A desirable and commodious residence on Main street, supplied with water, gas and steam. Apply to jan20tf. L. N. MOYER.

WANTED.—100 bark peelers. Apply to Thos. Wheeler, at Wilson Cole's above Central, Columbia county, Pa.

JULY 28. The administratrix of Samuel A. Worman deceased, will sell valuable real estate in Espy at 10 a. m.

AUGUST 2. The executors of John Fester deceased and John Kelchner deceased, and others will sell valuable timber land in Briarcreek and Fishingcreek township at 10 a. m.

LOST.—On Saturday last, a pair of gold spectacles. The finder will confer a great favor by returning them to Mrs. Robert Young, Market St. below Third.

To The Public.

We are manufacturing and have in bond a pure article of Rye Whiskey one year old. We use nothing but clean rye and double on a copper linen, and it is as pure as the rye that grows in the field, and if any person will find any drugs or adulterations in it as it leaves our distillery or salesroom, we will give a reward of one hundred dollars. ROHR MCHENRY & CO.
Benton, June 1888, 6w.

Call for Delegate Election and County Convention.

The Democratic voters will meet at the several places for the holding of the General Election in their respective Districts on Saturday August 11, 1888 between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m. and elect delegates to be sent to the County Convention and vote instructions for the persons there to be nominated, subject to the rules of the Democratic party of the county. The Delegates elected will meet in County Convention at the Opera House Bloomsburg, Pa on Tuesday Aug. 14th, 1888 at eleven o'clock a. m. and place in nomination, one person for President Judge of this Judicial District, one person for Member of the U. S. House of Representatives for this Congressional District, two persons for Members of House of Representatives of the State, one person for District Attorney, one person for Sheriff, one person for Jury Commissioners. And to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

ROB'T R. LITTLE,
Chairman.
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
Sec'y.

Apportionment of Delegates.

The following apportionment of Delegates has been made by the Standing Committee, in accordance with the Revised Rules, viz:—Rule 2nd. The representation of Districts in County Convention shall be in proportion to the Democratic vote of each, as cast at the most recent election for Governor, but the whole number of delegates shall not exceed eighty-five, and no district shall be allowed less than two, nor more than four delegates.

Rule 3d. Delegates shall be allowed to districts upon a ratio of sixty votes for a delegate, allowance being made for the largest fraction of a vote:

Districts.	Vote for Gov'r.	Delegates.
Beaver,	168	3
Benton,	218	4
Berwick, E.,	44	2
Berwick, W.,	99	2
Bloom, E.,	242	4
Bloom, W.,	170	3
Briarcreek,	129	2
Catawissa,	272	4
Centralia,	297	4
Centre,	146	2
Conyngham, N.,	140	2
Conyngham, S.,	66	2
Fishingcreek,	257	4
Franklin,	67	2
Greenwood,	180	3
Hemlock,	117	2
Jackson,	122	2
Locust,	222	4
Madison,	144	2
Main,	119	2
Mifflin,	197	3
Montour,	72	2
Mt. Pleasant,	80	2
Orange,	115	2
Pine,	93	2
Roaringcreek,	73	2
Scott, W.,	71	2
Scott, E.,	98	2
Sugarloaf,	166	3
Total,	4184	75

The inestimable value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood-purifier should be known to every wife and mother. It corrects irregularities, gives tone and strength to the vital organs, and cleanses the system of all impurities. The best family medicine.

Buy Lester's School Shoes. Every pair warranted.

M'Killip Bros. have completely refitted their studio with the best and most approved instruments for portraiture, from locket size up to life size, and instruments especially adapted to photographing out door groups and residences, together with the latest scenic effects and accessories. Babies' pictures par excellence for which has been added a special extra rapid Voigtlaender Euryscope. Copying, enlarging and photographic reproductions of drawings, patent models and machinery intelligently executed. Animals photographed by the flash light process. Life size crayon portraits in gold frame only $10.

Personal.

Prof. Wilbur with his family will spend his summer vacation at Milford, N. Y.

Misses Ida and Laura Bernhard are visiting their sister, Mrs. Voris, at Bellefonte.

W. R. Tubbs and J. R. Schuyler spent the 4th at Lock Haven.

Misses Minnie and Ollie Fritz, of Scranton, are visiting at Mr. J. R. Townsend's.

Mr. G. T. Richmond, of Scranton, was in town on business the latter part of last week.

Mrs. A. A. Marple and Miss Helen Harman of Bridgeport are visiting relatives here.

Dr. J. P. Pursel, of Williamsport, formerly of this place, has been lying very ill for some time past.

Les Alexander started the latter part of last week on a trip to his former home in Prussia, expecting to be gone several months.

W. R. Jacoby, editor of the Nanticoke *Sun*, spent Saturday and Sunday in town. He has many friends here who are always glad to see him.

The silk mill is going up rapidly.

A large picnic party from Scranton held possession of Oak Grove on Wednesday.

Rev. M. L. Ganoe and family went to Mountain Grove Wednesday.

Rev. H. G. Rice will preach in the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

There is talk of another democratic newspaper being established in Sullivan county.

E. A. Rawlings is painting the front of his market building.

A party of gypsies have been camping out along the creek near the double bridge during the past week.

The new stone pier at the Red Rock Bridge is nearly completed. J. Bochman, the contractor, is doing a good job.

The new stable at the jail is nearly ready for occupancy. The commissioners had it insured on Tuesday.

Camp meeting at Mountain Grove will begin Wednesday, August 1, and close Thursday, August 9.

E. C. Wells is removing from the Normal School to the house on Main street formerly occupied by J. W. Eyer.

John Fowler has resigned as superintendent of the water works, and Frank Boice has been appointed to the place.

A children's service was held in the Episcopal Church at half past six o'clock last Sunday evening instead of the regular evening service.

The many remarkable cures Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes are sufficient proof that it does possess peculiar curative powers.

There is a rumor in the air that there will be a wedding soon, and when it happens there will be another county commissioner.

A pleasant dance and lawn party was given at the Sanitarium on Tuesday evening. About twenty young people were present.

C. E. Randall is now sole owner of the Catawissa *News Item*, having recently purchased the half interest of J. C. Yocum. The *Item* is a bright newsy paper, and we wish brother Randall abundant success.

Prof. Ferree and family left Bloomsburg on Wednesday. They will camp out for some time at Wayne, when they will leave for Minneapolis, where they will make their future home.

The erection of an oral school for the deaf and dumb at Scranton will be proceeded with at once, and the building will be completed by March 1, 1889. The cost of the structure will be about $25,000.

The total eclipse of the moon on the 22d inst, will be visible in this latitude. The eclipse will begin at 9:55 p. m. and end at 3:44 on the 23d. The period of total eclipse will occur at 1:26 a. m.

Twenty-five cents a day purchases a $3,000 policy in The Travelers, of Hartford, which is payable in event of death by accident, with $15 weekly indemnity for wholly disabling injury. J. H. Maize, agent, second floor COLUMBIAN building Bloomsburg. tf.

Col. David Taggart, a prominent citizen of Northumberland, died on Saturday June 30. He was once prominent in Pennsylvania politics, having been State Senator, candidate for Governor in 1860 and Paymaster in the regular army.

Invitations have been extended for the marriage of Miss Blanche Edgar, formerly of this place, to Mr. I. C. Dietrich, formerly of Berwick, to take place at Crawford, Nebraska, Wednesday evening, August 8, at the home of Mr. Will D. Edgar, the bride's brother.

A party of Welsh singers, who accompanied the picnic party from Scranton that spent Wednesday at Oak Grove, made some fine music at the Exchange Hotel in the afternoon. They also serenaded I. W. McKelvy's store and were loudly applauded at both places.

W. M. Monroe and wife and Misses Bessie, Mary and Nellie Monroe, of Rupert; Miss Sue Rahm, of Towanda; Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Church and family of Ashland, and Harry Chamberlain of Rupert, were entertained at Sheriff Search's on the Fourth.—*Shickshinny Echo.*

It is said that the Pennsylvania railroad company is trying to make an agreement with the Lehigh Valley about the running of passenger trains between Hazleton and Pottsville. If the agreement shall be consummated, the Pennsylvania will only carry freight and the passenger traffic will be solely under the control of the Lehigh Valley.

Buy Lester's School Shoes. Every pair warranted.

Grand Army Day will take the place of the Fourth of July this year in Bloomsburg. From the present indication that day will be a big one. It will be if everybody takes an interest in it and assists the G. A. R. in the celebration of it.

The Sanitarium is well filled with summer guests. It is fast acquiring a reputation as a delightful summer resort. Few towns anywhere possess greater attractions than Bloomsburg. The scenery in every direction is charming, and the numerous drives cannot be surpassed.

We publish elsewhere an advertisement of "Help Wanted." We have examined the work therein described and think an agent should meet with much success with it. Any one desiring the agency should write at once for terms and outfit for canvassers. tf

On the morning of the 4th, John Freas, foreman on the D. L. & W. road was struck in the right eye by a spike which rebounded as it was being driven into a tie. Drs. Willitts and Reifsnyder dressed the wound. It is probable that the sight of the eye is gone. Mr. Freas is an industrious man and has much sympathy in his misfortune.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending July 10, 1888.

Mr. G. D. Baker, Mr. Warren C. Culver, Mr. Harrie C. Hoy, Mrs. Emma D. Kelley, Mr. William Kelley, C. H. Pierce.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

William McAfee had his leg broken below the knee, at Espy on Tuesday morning. He was assisting in unloading a traction engine at the R. R. station, when the engine slipped and fell on him. He came with the engine to set it up for William Hidlay, the purchaser. Dr. Redeker set the leg, and McAfee was taken to his home at Mercersburg, Pa.

Serious eye affections are frequently so obscure that those who have them are supposed to possess perfect sight. They are the cause of headaches and annoying nerve troubles. Dr. Brown devotes much attention to the eye. He uses the ophthalmoscope and test glasses, thus fitting spectacles by the latest approved methods. He operates successfully for cateract restoring sight to the blind. Office 3rd St., Bloomsburg, Pa.

Boyd Cadman, six years of age, passed through town on Monday morning on his bicycle, bound for Pottsville and Minersville. He was accompanied by his father, also on a bicycle. They live in Bloomsburg, and left that place on Saturday to attend the Ellis-Hazeldine wedding at Kreb's station, wheeling the distance in three hours. They left Hazeldine's Monday. Boyd is an expert bicylist, and sports a gold medal showing that he is the mascot of the Williamsport wheelmen.—*Ashland Advocate.*

Bloomsburg passed a quiet Fourth. The occasional popping of a fire cracker or torpedo was about the only sound that broke the stillness of its streets. A large number of people spent the day at places in which the Fourth was celebrated, while a number of picnic parties went to the woods. The ball game at Athletic Park in the afternoon broke the monotony somewhat and there were displays of fire works, and fire-crackers popped loudly in the evening.

List of letters remaining in the P. O. at Benton, Pa., for month ending June 30, 1888.

F. E. VanLoan, Mr. W. G. Morris, Fred Slaed(2), J. I. Lanswe, C. P. Lemon, Esq., John H. Lunder Esq., Miss Bertha Angle.

CARDS.

Frank E. Van Loan, Mr. John Winley.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

ELLA E. APPLEMAN, P. M.

Marshal Barring, of Wilkesbarre, arrested J. A. Shadle, of Shadle's Mill, Snyder county, Saturday night and took him before United States Commissioner James H. McDevitt, of Sunbury, who gave him a preliminary hearing and bound him over. Shadle is charged with sending obscene matter through the mails to a party out West. Both of the men are amateur photographers, and they were exchanging work with each other.

Phillip Huber, the man who was recently arrested for stealing $29,000 from the Adams Express Company and at present confined in the Sunbury jail, is not put to work making carpet with the other prisoners of the jail but is allowed to do about as he pleases. He remains in his cell most of the time, with the door partly closed, and places himself in a position where visitors cannot obtain a glimpse of his face. He is not nearly as anxious for notoriety as his son, who rode at the head of the Fourth of July firemen's parade on his bicycle.

Two game of ball were played on the Fourth of July between the Bloomsburg and Danville nines. The morning game at Danville resulted in the defeat of the home nine and in the afternoon at the game which took place at Athletic Park, Bloomsburg for the first time succeeded in defeating Danville by a score of 7 to 5. The score by innings of both games is as follows:

MORNING.

Bloomsburg	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2
Danville	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 4—6

AFTERNOON.

Blooomsburg	3 2 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—7
Danville	1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1—5

The Danville game was an excellent one, the score at the end of the ninth inning standing 2—2. The tenth inning was then played, when Danville succeeded in making four runs while Bloom made none, giving the game to Danville.

THE GREAT BOOK IS FORTH COMING.—Hundreds are anxiously waiting for an opportunity to purchase it. We refer to the life and public services of our great reform President, Stephen Grover Cleveland, to which is added the life and public services of the "Old Roman," Allen G. Thurman, our next Vice-President. We have been shown some advance sheets of this volume by Mr. J. A. J. Cummings, who has accepted the agency for this valuable work for this county. Every family should not fail to procure a copy and read it carefully. It is an excellent work and well worth the cost to any one. It is the only authorized and official edition. The best is always the cheapest. Beware of worthless catchpenny books. Caution. The country is being flooded with unreliable, catchpenny lives of President Cleveland. Do not be deceived. See that the book you buy contains an account of all our Presidents from Washington to Cleveland, and fine portraits of all of them. See that it contains a superb steel plate portrait of President Cleveland. See that it contains statistical tables of the votes cast at all Presidential elections. No other campaign work contains half so much interesting and valuable matter as this book does. It is endorsed by the leading men of the Democratic party, and by President Cleveland's most intimate friends, and is therefore the Official History of the Democratic Convention and candidates. Good Agents are wanted to assist in the canvass for this work in Columbia county. Call on or address J. A. J. Cummings, Bloomsburg Pa.

A New Store.

It would be impossible to attempt to enumerate the different goods displayed at the variety store recently opened in Hendershott's building, next to Gilmore's by John Masteller. He has gents' furnishing goods, overalls, musical instruments, tinware, glass-ware, soap, and a thousand and one different articles, useful and ornamental, and all at astonishingly low prices. A visit to this store will well repay you, for you will be sure to see just what you want. Mr. Masteller has had a number of years' experience in the mercantile business, having been with A. B. Stewart at Orangeville for a long time.

Executions in Pennsylvania.

From 1778 to 1888, a period of 110 years, there have been 283 executions of criminals in Pennsylvania. In 1778 there was one execution for murder, two for high treason, one for robbery and two for burglary. The largest number of executions in any one year was in 1779—six for murder, one for high treason, four for robbery, two for burglary, three for uttering and passing counterfeit money, and two where the offense is not stated. In 1794 an act was passed abolishing punishment by death except for murder. The next largest number of executions was in 1877, when eighteen murderers paid the extreme penalty of the law, and ten in 1879 suffered a like penalty. Up to 1834 all executions were public when by an act of Assembly, all subsequent ones took place in the jail yard. There were no executions in 1782, 1787, 1790, 1791, 1793, 1794, 1796, 1800 to 1806, 1807, 1808, 1810, 1811, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1825, 1827, 1831, 1833, 1837, 1843, 1855 and 1864.

Thirty Persons Injured.

TWO HUNDRED PASSENGERS BRUISED IN A RAILROAD COLLISION.

The down passenger train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, leaving Wilkesbarre for Pottsville at 8:50 a. m., collided with the up train, due at Wilkesbarre at 9 o'clock, at a point five miles below that city last Friday morning. The trains generally pass each other at South Wilkesbarre, but if the up train is late it is held at Nanticoke, and the down train passes it there. That morning both trains were a little late, and Dispatcher W. H. Beidleman, at Wilkesbarre, intended to order the down train to stop at South Wilkesbarre. He neglected to do so until it had left there. He telegraphed at once to Nanticoke, but the up train had left.

The track between these points is a single one. Beidleman realized at once that a collision was inevitable, and, appalled at the result of his carelessness, fled like a madman from the office and has not been seen since. The trains came together just below the little station of Butzbach's Landing. Fortunately they met on a straight piece of track and the engineers saw each other's trains four hundred yards apart. Both were running at over forty miles an hour, and, though they reversed engines and put on the brakes, the trains came together with an awful crash. The engineers and firemen jumped. One engine climbed half way on the other and fell over on its side. One of the baggage cars was shattered, but the passenger cars held firm.

The passengers were terribly shaken. The seats were torn loose and hurled, together with the passengers, in a confused heap to the end of the cars. There were two hundred people in the two trains and hardly one escaped unhurt. Thirty were severely injured, but it is thought that none are fatally. The scene was one of the wildest confusion and excitement for a few minutes.

Ayer's Pills possess the curative virtues of the best known medicinal plants. These pills are scientifically prepared, are easy to take, and safe for young and old. They are invaluable for regulating the bowels, and for the relief and cure of stomach troubles.

Council Proceedings.

July 5th, 1888.

Regular meeting. Present, P. S. Harman, president, and members Ringler, Sterling, Cadow, Wolf, Wells.

Geo. E. Elwell appeared and stated that by request he appeared to give terms for copies of town laws, viz: $35 for 100 copies, $50 for 200. Moved and seconded that 100 copies be ordered. Agreed to.

Dr. Jacob Schuyler appeared and presented a petition asking that Market street be macadamized two perches wide from Second street to a point 200 feet below Fifth. Moved and seconded that petition be received and filed. Agreed to.

I. W. Hartman appeared and presented a petition asking council to erect a drinking fountain on Market Square. Moved and seconded that the petition be received and filed, and that the committee on water ascertain from water company cost of water for such fountain and also cost of fountain.

Wm. Ringrose and others appeared and asked for permission to erect arches over the streets at suitable places on the 6th of September, Grand Army Day, and further that council prohibit the putting up of stands for sale of sundry articles by parties from out of town, unless such persons first obtain a license from the president of town council. Moved and seconded that permission be granted to put up arches. Latter request held over for consideration.

On motion circular No. 8 from the State Board of Health was referred to Board of Health.

On motion, agreed to, Samuel Neyhard was elected Superintendent of sewers.

Proposals for terra cotta pipe were furnished by Geo. T. Richmond, viz: He will furnish terra cotta pipe at 50 per cent. off from the price list and 2 per cent. off net for cash in ten days from date of bill. Also a bid from the Wyoming Terra Cotta works offering 50 per cent. off, etc., and one from the Scranton Supply and Hardware Co. offering pipe same as the Wyoming Terra Cotta Works. Moved and seconded that the bids be received and held over until next meeting.

Ordinance No. 39, an ordinance to change the curbstone market to Market Square was read and adopted.

Ordinance No. 40, an ordinance to improve Eighth street, commonly called Canal street, by making it of the width of thirty-three feet, east of Strawberry alley, where the lot of M. P. and Harriet Paul projects into said street, was read and adopted.

The town engineer reported that the culvert built by Messrs. Ohl and Remley is completed and that the same was built according to contract.

On motion, seconded, the report of Commissioner of Highways and bills and accounts were read and approved and secretary directed to issue order for same. Total $880.18.

On motion council adjourned to meet Thursday July 12, at 2 p. m.

Darbys Prophylactic Fluid.

Use it in every sick-room. Will keep the atmosphere pure and wholesome; removing all bad odors from any source.

Will destroy all disease germs, infection from all fevers and all contagious diseases.

The efficient physician J. Marion Sims, of New York says: "I am convinced that Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant."

Drowned in the Canal.

A BRIGHT BOY LOSES HIS LIFE WHILE BATHING WITH HIS FRIENDS.

MILTON, July 7—Andrew Gauger, a bright boy aged about 6 years, the son of Mrs. C. H. Gaugher, was drowned late last night in the canal. In the company of two playmates he went to the Walnut Street bridge to take a swim. Taking off his clothes he asked the boys to follow him. Supposing he could swim and not aware of the depth of the water, young Gauger plunged in from a board extending a short distance over the water, making the remark: "Now, watch me dive." He rose to the surface twice, but being unable to swim and becoming exhausted, he soon went down for the last time.

His companions then announced the fact to those near by, but when assistance arrived the boy was in the bottom of the canal, and after some time his body was brought out and taken to his grandfather's house. Dr. J. H. Mills worked for three hours to bring back life, but it was too late.

Grand Army Day.

And now that the solemn Fourth has passed Bloomsburg waits in eager expectation for the day it celebrates this year—Grand Army Day. The G. A. R. have taken great interest in having the celebration of this day take place here and by their endeavors have succeeded in doing so. There is no doubt that, this being the biggest day that Bloomsburg has known for some time past, our people will all turn in and help to make it a grand success. If only in honor to the G. A. R. this should be. But, putting that aside, the day will bring many thousands of people to our town, and it is therefore to the interest of our business men, as well as everybody else, that they should turn in and assist in its celebration. Everybody who is able should assist in the decorations; the town should be resplendent with bunting and evergreens and those who visit us on that day should leave with the thought in their minds that the Bloomsburg people are fully as hospitable and enterprising as any who have entertained the G. A. R.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

Several Castles of this flourishing Order are organizing in the county. It is beneficial, benevolent, social and semi-military. Founded in Baltimore 1873, introduced into Penna. 1875. In successful operation in 23 States, with a membership of over 41,000 in 411 Castles. Since January 1st, 1884, its growth has been unprecedented in the history of kindred organizations. During that period it was introduced into 18 States, 380 Castles were instituted and the membership increased over 37,000. During 1886 and 1887, 21,489 candidates were admitted in Pennsylvania, 166 Castles instituted, and membership increased 18,115. There are 270 Castles and over 31,000 members in Penna. Optional with the members as to whether they participate in the military feature.

Each member must pay not less than three dollars which entitles him to receive the three degrees. The age is from twenty years and upwards. The charter fee is thirty dollars, and includes dispensation, charter, rituals, installation work, funeral ceremony and ode cards. Castles can be instituted to work in the English or German language. The fifteen officers of all Castles instituted previous to April, 1889, will receive the Past Chief's Degree. The railroad expenses of the Grand Castle officers in attending the institution are defrayed by the Grand Castle.

Any information will be given by Grand Master of Records J. D. Barnes, 720 Spring Garden street, Philadelphia, Pa.

East Benton.

The golden grain is now being reaped. It is a bountiful crop.

A festival was held at St. James on the 4th, afternoon and evening. An address by Rev. Houtz on the origin of Independence Day was well received, after which "Cleveland's March" was played by Miss Mary Houtz, were features of afternoon proceedings.

A festival was held at Hamiline last Saturday evening. Proceeds to be applied for repairs at parsonage.

There are symptoms of a heavy drought.

The mail boy, Olly Shultz, was shaken up last Saturday. The horse became frightened at the cars at Stillwater and ran away.

Miss Mattie Kunkel of Roaring creek, spent a few weeks visiting friends in this locality.

Mrs. Spinnogle who was informed that her boys drank so hard when out, rebuked the insinuation by saying that "I do not believe it for they are always so dry (thirsty) when they come home."

Nights are getting longer, a little more time for talking. "Leap year," you know, girls.

Unless we get a soaking rain soon politics will not be half a crop.

Harrison hay making and harvesting all concentrate to Cleveland.

Political Slanderers.

"He hath not seen the sun" was the text upon which the Rev. J. O. Wilson preached at the Tabernacle M. E. church, Philadelphia last Sunday evening. This text he said, was primarily descriptive of a new-born babe who meets its death on its entrance into life and is carried out to the grave without ever seeing the sun. It is also equally descriptive of many astronomers who, though they often look at the sun, never see anything but the black spots upon it. Their chief pleasure is the discovery of the sun's imperfections, not the discovery of its unspeakable splendors. Alas for human kind that like the astronomer, finds its chief delight in the discovery of black spots upon its fellow-man. "What," asked Mr. Wilson, "is the ruling passion of the editor? Is it not for black spots on men who shine in public places? Did ever ravenous wolves more furiously devour unfolded lambs than does the secular press devour its unfortunate victims? How many an honest and good man has been ruined and blasted by this passion of the editor for black spots? I am not censuring the press for showing us black spots where they exist; this is the mission of the journalist; but I denounce this accursed passion which takes delight in obscuring a shining sun, and which has cultivated such a scent for defects and flaws that it can discover black spots in human character where there are none! This is diabolical! The politician is as bad as the editor. In his ambition he would mount to heaven, even though he must drag angels down. At the conclusion of his sermon Mr. Wilson offered an eloquent prayer that the coming campaign might be a pure and a charitable one.

More Pensions and Bounty.

A gentleman representing Milo B. Stevens & Co., of Washington, D. C., can be seen during the day and evening at the City Hotel, Danville, Tuesday July 17; Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Wednesday 18; Ferguson House, Shenandoah, Thursday 19; and Derrick House, Mahanoy City, Friday 20, by persons desiring information concerning pensions, bounties, etc., or having claims which they may desire to have prosecuted by said attorneys.

Lightstreet.

J. W. Oman spent a few days in town visiting friends.

Childrens day was observed on the first of July at the M. E. Church. Some interesting exercises were engaged in, one of the most note worthy was the singing of the few verses of the familiar hymn, "There is a fountain filled with blood," by Maggie Howell, four or five years of age.

Harvesting is the order of the day, Lloyd Sterling leading, he having cut several shocks on the 29th of June.

Candidates are looking around; factions are booming that should be broken up. This you tickle me and I'll tickle you ought to be stopped by the noble people of the county.

G. P. Stiner and family of Orangeville, spent a short time in town Sunday.

Jay Leiser is now spending his vacation from Gettysburg school at home.

A nuisance to be abated, fast driving in town Sunday evenings.

Mrs. C. C. Trench of Bloomsburg, spent Sunday with Mrs. Chas. Lee jr.

Dr. Theel, Philadelphia's renowned Specialist for nervous debility, blood poisons, kidney and special diseases has cured more cases than all others combined. He has cured cases pronounced incurable by leading physicians. We would advise those suffering to consult him personally or by letter at his office, 538 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Asbury.

Asbury is on the improvement list. W. W. Sutliff has repainted all his buildings. The Doctor won't be excelled by any of his neighbors. He has been having some trouble with his foot, causing him much pain.

Cyrus Robbins is remodeling his house by way of new siding and new cornice, and expects to paint it soon.

Millie Robbins is suffering very much with lung trouble.

Our summer schools all closed last week. Miss Margarett Gensel of Catawissa has been teaching the Asbury school for three years, six successive terms, with good satisfaction, and has the thanks of the employers generally for the interest taken to advance the pupils.

The grass crops wont be more than 50 per cent. of last year. The wheat and rye crop will be ten per cent. better than last year at least.

Corn crops are growing finally.

Farmers are very busy now getting ready to sow buckwheat; some have sown already.

Lemons and Pealer lost a valuable horse last week with pneumonia.

Quarterly meeting was held in the M. E. Church at Jonestown Friday and Saturday a week. This is the second quarter of this conference year.

Misses M. Ella Andrews, Lizzie Robbins and Verne Jones attended Commencement at Bloomsburg.

The B. & S. R. R. is shipping quite a good deal of lime and phosphate at Forks.

The engineer corps of the Wilkesbarre & Western R. R. has been on the road now for business. They came as far as the Coleman farm on Saturday, on the Morehead survey, down on the south side of Huntingdon creek. I was in hopes they would come on the north side. A railroad company is like a thunder storm; they go where they please and we must be content.

Mr. East Benton reporter, how is this for high? Your W. B. & W. R. R. egg you so long expected has not hatched very good. I thought I would remind the E. B. reporter what he said some time since about our railroad and will say by way of conclusion despise thou not the day of small things for thou dost not know what a day will bring forth.

MARRIED.

STERNER—KASHNER—On the 26th of June at Wilkesbarre by Rev. A. Houtz, of Orangeville, Pa., Mr. L. P. Sterner, a former principal of the New Columbus Academy, to Miss Florence Kashner of Catawissa, Pa.

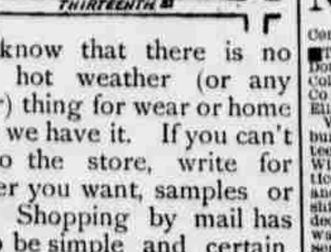
Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WANAMAKER'S.

Closed Saturdays at 1 P. M.

When you come to the city bear in mind that Wanamaker's is a meeting and resting and waiting place as well as the biggest store in the world. There are reading and sitting and retiring rooms for you: telephone, telegraph, and mail facilities. Your parcels will be cared for without charge. We try to make you welcome whether you care to buy or not.



You know that there is no worthy hot weather (or any weather) thing for wear or home use but we have it. If you can't come to the store, write for whatever you want, samples or goods. Shopping by mail has come to be simple and certain. A few scratches of a pen, and all the facilities of the store are yours.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Ready-trimmed hats and bonnets, and children's caps, and straw goods greatly reduced in price at E. Barkley's. Call soon and secure bargains.

India linen lawns 10c yd. at I. W. Hartman & Sons'.

M'Killip

BLOOMSBURG.

Fine Cabinet portraits only $3. doz. Life size Crayons only $10.00. Viewing, copying and enlarging. Instant process used. tf.

Great bargains in remnants of embroideries and laces this month at I. W. Hartman & Sons'.

2 crates of fancy and white dishes just opened at I. W. Hartman & Sons'.

FOR RENT.—Two desirable dwelling houses on First street near Market. All modern improvements. Apply to Z. S. Robbins.

I. W. Hartman & Sons have a special sale of remnants of all kinds of wash goods on Friday and Saturday.

Stamping and pinking done to order at E. Barkley's, Main street below Market.

Before repairs I. W. Hartman & Sons offer 12 yds bunting for 36c., 12 yds lawn for 60c.

The latest shape in ladies' hats for summer just received at Miss E. Barkley's. Also flowers, feathers, laces, materials for fancy work, notions etc. at reasonable prices.

White dress goods and laces a special sale at I. W. Hartman & Sons' for two weeks.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE HOMLIEST MAN IN BLOOMSBURG as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and relieve all chronic and acute coughs, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Price 50 cents and $1.

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c. and $1. Trial size free. At all druggists.

Eczema, Itchy, Scaly, Skin Tortures.

The simple application of "Swayne's Ointment," without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Sores, Pimples, Eczema, all Scaly, Itchy Skin Eruptions, no matter how obstinate or long standing. It is potent, effective, and costs but a trifle. May-4-'88-1y

TO PRESERVE NATURAL FLOWERS.—Dip the flowers in melted paraffine, withdrawing them quickly. The liquid should be only just hot enough to maintain its fluidity and the flowers should be dipped one at a time, held by the stocks and moved about for an instant to get rid of air bubbles. Fresh cut flowers, free from moisture, make excellent specimens in this way. If you would preserve your health and invigorate your entire system use Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, 1m [eow.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S CROWN.

The crown of Queen Victoria consists of diamonds, pearls, rubies, sapphires and emeralds, set in silver and gold. Its gross weight is 39 oz 5 dwt. troy. The number of diamonds are 3,352; pearls, 273; rubies, 9; sapphires, 17; emeralds, 11. It is an old saying—Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown. It is better to wear the crown of perfect health and peace of mind through the curative effects of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. may-4-1y.

THE POPULATION OF BLOOMSBURG is about 5,000, and we would say at least one-half are troubled with some affection of the throat and lungs as those complaints are, according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs. Price 50c. and $1. Trial size free. Sold by all druggists.

Beauty

Is desired and admired by all. Among the things which may best be done to enhance personal beauty is the daily use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. No matter what the color of the hair, this preparation gives it a lustre and pliancy that adds greatly to its charm. Should the hair be thin, harsh, dry, or turning gray, **Ayer's Hair Vigor** will restore the color, bring out a new growth, and render the old soft and shiny. For keeping the scalp clean, cool, and healthy, there is no better preparation in the market.



"I am free to confess that a trial of Ayer's Hair Vigor has convinced me that it is a genuine article. Its use has not only caused the hair of my wife and daughter to be

Abundant and Glossy,

but it has given my rather stunted mustache a respectable length and appearance."—R. Britton, Oakland, Ohio.

"My hair was coming out (without any assistance from my wife, either). I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, using only one bottle, and I now have as fine a head of hair as any one could wish for." —R. T. Schmittou, Dickson, Tenn.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor in my family for a number of years, and regard it as the best hair preparation I know of. It keeps the scalp clean, the hair soft and lively, and preserves the original color. My wife has used it for a long time with most satisfactory results."—Benjamin M. Johnson, M. D., Thomas Hill, Mo.

"My hair was becoming harsh and dry, but after using half a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor it grew black and glossy. I cannot express the joy and gratitude I feel."—Mabel C. Hardy, Delavan, Ill.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

Estate of Jonas Doty, deceased.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS.

To J. O. Doty, Ira Doty, David Doty, Israel Doty, Luther B. Doty and Martha A. Minler, all of Columbia county; George Doty of Luzerne Co., Pa., and Sarah Elizabeth Rozelle of Ellsworth Co., Kansas.

Whereas, at an Orphan's Court held at Bloomsburg, in and for the county of Columbia, the fourteenth day of May A. D. 1888 before the Honorable William Elwell President, and his associates, justices of the said court, the petition of J. O. Doty and Ira Doty, sons of Jonas Doty late of the township of Fishingcreek, Columbia county, Penna. decd. was presented, setting forth that a petition was presented to this court on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1887, setting forth that the said Jonas Doty died on or about August 28th, 1887, Intestate, and that he died seized in his demesne as of fee of and in certain real estate, which is described in the said petition, and further that the petitioners omitted in the said petition the following described real estate.

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in the township of Briarcreek, and county aforesaid, containg one hundred acres more or less, being the western end of the upper Nathan Beach tract in which said decedent held an undivided one half interest reserving to his grantor and his own use all the iron ore and minerals of every description, excepting stone coal, as also the right of way and necessary privileges of access to and digging for and working all the iron ore and minerals of every description excepting stone coal as aforesaid at all times and in all places on the said tract. No partition of the foregoing tract having been had.

Take notice that in pursuance of the foregoing writ an inquest will be held upon the said premises on Saturday August 4th 1888, at ten o'clock a. m. to make partition of the land to and among the heirs and legal representatives of the said decedent, or to value and appraise the same, as the case may be, under the laws of this commonwealth, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.
Bloomsburg, Pa., July 13, 1888.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Martin Whitenight late of Fishingcreek township.

Letters of administration cum testamento anexo in said estate having been granted to the undersigned administrator, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate present the same to CHARLES WHITENIGHT,
ADMR. C. T. A.
June22 6t Forks, Pa.

SHERIFF SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Plur Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale on the premises in Catawissa township Columbia county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, JULY 14th, 1888.

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All of those two certain messages and tracts of land situate in the township of Catawissa, Columbia county, Pennsylvania. The first tract bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone in line of lands of George Zarr deceased, and running from thence by lands now of William Berninger, south ten and a quarter degrees, west ten perches to the north end of the county bridge over Catawissa creek, thence through the centre of said bridge south thirty-eight degrees east fifteen perches to the intersection of a public road leading to Ashland, thence by said road south eight and a quarter degrees west nine and two tenths perches to a point in the centre of said road, in line of land of Mrs Burger, thence by said line south eighty-one and a half degrees west twenty-three and a half perches to a post originally a spruce tree, thence by land of Jonathan Fortner north fifty-eight and a half degrees west sixty-four perches to originally a maple on the south side of Catawissa creek, thence south eighty-two and a half degrees, east, crossing said Catawissa creek and running by a public road leading down Catawissa creek to the town of Catawissa, forty-four perches to a point in said public road, thence by land of William Long and land belonging to the estate of George Zarr, deceased, north seventy-four and a half degrees east thirty-nine perches to the place of beginning, containing nine acres and thirty-eight perches (be the same more or less) on which are erected a

Fire-proof Paper Mill, Four Double Dwelling Houses, Two Single Dwelling Houses, an Office, a Blacksmith shop, Machine shop, Barn, Wagon shed, Strawshed,

and all necessary outbuildings.

The second lot or parcel of land bounded an described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a po in line of lands of Jonathan Fortner, a corner of lot of ground belonging to Mrs. Burger and running from thence by the same north eighty-three and a half degrees east seven and a half perches, thence by the same north seventy-two and a half degrees east nineteen and a half perches to the south part of a gate, thence by land of Mathias Gingles south fifteen and a quarter degrees west nineteen and a half perches to a chestnut tree, thence by the same south twenty-five degrees west eight perches to a post, thence by the same south nineteen degrees west six and six-tenths perches to a post, thence by the same south forty-three degrees west nine and a half perches to a corner of a lot on tract of ground known as the Foundry lot, now owned by Samuel J. Frederick, thence by said lot north forty-one degrees west nineteen perches to a post in line of land of Jonathan Fortner thence by said line north five and a half degrees, east thirty-four perches to the place of beginning, containing five acres and thirteen perches, be the same more or less, on which is found and constructed a dam or basin for the purpose or getting fresh or clear water for the aforesaid paper mill. There will also be sold a lot of old iron, old castings, old machinery found on the premises about said paper mill.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of the Catawissa Deposit Bank vs. McCready Bros. and to be sold as the property of McCready Bros.

SAMUEL SMITH,
R. R. Little, Atty. Sheriff.
June 22.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, there will be exposed to public sale by the undersigned administratrix of the estate of Samuel A. Worman dec'd. on the premises in Espy, Pa., on the 28th day of July A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m. the following pieces of land: viz.

Tract No. 1. All that certain piece of land situate in the village of Espy, county of Columbia bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the south of the public road leading from Espy to Lightstreet, at corner of land now owned by T. W. Hartman, formerly Hannah Worman, thence along same public road south 29 5-8 degrees east to an alley, thence along said alley westwardly 572¾ feet more or less to corner of land of Mrs. Mary Snyder, thence along the same north 25¾ degrees west 665¾ feet to corner of land of T. W. Hartman aforesaid, thence along same north 67¾, east 509¾ feet more or less to a corner at the public road aforesaid the place aforesaid, the place of beginning containing 7 acres and 158 perches of land.

Tract No. 2. At the same time and place all that undivided one-half part of a tract of land situate in Main township, Columbia county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows viz. Beginning at a Hemlock tree on the south bank of the Susquehanna river and bounded by lands of John Shuman, Isaiah John, Amos Diemer, lands late of Daniel Snyder. and the Susquehanna river, containing 62 acres and 129 perches.

Tract No. 3. All that certain lot of land situate in Espy, said county, bounded on the north by Third street on the east by lands of R. J. Williams and T. B. Miller, on the south by an alley and on the west by land of J. Musselman, being 173¾ feet in depth by 82¾ feet front.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation absolute and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

MARTHA M. WORMAN,
july6 4t Administratrix.

STATEMENT OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 1, 1888.

RICHARD STILES, COLLECTOR. DR.

To balance due on duplic'te of '86.	$837 13	
To amt. of duplicate of 1887	$7483 72	
		$8870 85.

CR.

By exonerations allowed on duplicate of 1886	$ 49 12	
By cash paid Treas. bal duplicate of 1886	838 01	
By cash paid Treas. on duplicate of 1887 $4711.77 less discounts and commission	4381 95	
By cash paid Treas. on duplicate of 1887 $1028.06, less commission	976 66	
By cash pd Treas. on dup. of 1887	776 00	
" " " " " "	200 00	
By 5 per cent discount allowed taxpayers on $4711.77	235 59	
By 2 per cent commission on $4711 77	94 23	
By 5 per cent commission on $1028 06	51 40	
Balance due district	767 89	
		$8870 85.

WM. KRAMER, TREASURER.

DR.

To amt. recd. from Stephen Knorr former Treasurer	$ 465 39	
To amt recd from County Treasurer, tax on unseated lands	44 06	
To amt. State appropriation	934 08	
To amt. recd. from Richard Stiles collector on duplicate of 1886	838 01	
To amt. recd. from Richard Stiles collector on duplicate of 1887	6334 61	
		$8616 08.

CR.

By amt paid for printing	59 10	
" " " " water	24 00	
" " " " auditors	3 00	
" " " " teachers	4793 76	
" " " " janitors	420 00	
" " " " music charts	41 45	
" " " " coal	282 90	
" " " " insurance	105 00	
" " " " repairs	701 02	
" " " " cl'ning buildings	55 45	
" " " " atty. fees	200 00	
" " " " sec. salary 5¾mo	57 29	
" " " " bonds and int	1044 87	
" " " " sundries	109 44	
By Treas. Com. on $7903.28	158 06	
		$8061 34
Balance in Treasurer's hands		554 74
		$8616 08

We the undersigned Auditors of the Bloom district met June 7, audited the above accounts of Bloom school district and find them correct

WM. E. RINKER,
JOS. GARRISON,
F. D. DENTLER.

IN RE "BRYN SION CHURCH" AT BLOOMSBURG. }
In the court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 7 May Term, 1888.

APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF SALE.

And now May 14th, 1888, on perusal of the foregoing petition rule is granted upon all concerned to show cause why an order of sale shall not be made. Returnable at Argument Court August 2d, 1888. Notice of this rule to be published in one newspaper of the county during three weeks before that time. WM. ELWELL, P. J.
3t june 22

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph A. Hess, late of Centre township deceased.

The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' court of Columbia county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on July 28, 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons interested must appear and prove their claims, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

L. E. WALLER,
June 15 '88. Auditor.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING

DONE AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE

NEWSPAPER WAIFS.

Well connected—The bucket.—*Life.*

Loafing is music without sound.—*Puck.*

It's a great day for garden beds when the rain comes down in sheets.—*Burlington Free Press.*

Apple-pie Order—Waiter, a piece of apple-pie.—*Puck.*

The peach crop may be doubtful, but the speech crop will not fail.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

The Jerseyite would be happy if his shoes would only remain as black as they're painted.—*Puck.*

A picture in your imagination is, of course, enclosed in a frame of mind.—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.*

Men on pension rolls live to be very old. The pension roll beats the baker's roll as a staff of life.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

That Tennessee clergyman who inherited a fortune of $8,000,000 now asserts that the story of Dives is an "interpolation."—*Martha's Vineyard Herald.*

You may break, you may shatter the "vase" if you will, but the various ways of pronouncing it, according to locality, will cling round it still.—*Norristown Herald.*

It does not require anything extraordinary in the way of intellect to shoe a horse, but there is a fortune in store for the man who can shoo a fly so that the little pest will stay shod.—*Harper's Bazar.*

A Lucid Explanation.—Teacher (to class)—"In this stanza, what is meant by the line, 'The shades of night were falling fast'?" Bright Scholar—"The people were pulling down the blinds."—*Puck.*

A Delicate Proof.—Adorable Heiress (worth twenty millions)—"Sister, I think Mr. Smith loves me." Sister—"Why?" Adorable Heiress—"We were introduced last week and he has not yet proposed.—*Tid-Bits.*

A Mississippi woman fell into a mill dam, and when she was rescued a ten-pound catfish was entangled in her wire bustle. Her husband wanted to set her again, but she would not consent.—*Norristown Herald.*

A High-Priced Dinner.—Minister (dining with the family)—"This is a very nice dinner, isn't it Bobby?" Bobby (enjoying it)—"It ought to be. Pa figured out that it was going to cost him over eight dollars."—*The Epoch.*

"Why, bless your heart, Erasmus, dis yere fotygraf ain't like you no how. It makes yer look ten y'ars older dan you is." "Dat's all right, honey, I needn't git annudder tooken for de nex' ten y'ars. See!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

"I've bawled my throat sore yellin' fer those oysters," said an angry customer in a restaurant. "What's the matter?" "Orders ahead, sah," explained the waiter. "Yo'll fin' dem raw oysters wery soothin', sah, fo' sore throat."—*Life.*

Husband—"No meat for dinner today? Why? Didn't you telephone to the butcher to send up that roast we agreed upon this morning?" Wife—"No, dear; I'm sorry. But the fact is I was studying my memory lesson and forgot all about it."—*Lowell Citizen.*

Well Up in His Lesson—Professor (of class in journalism)—"What is the difference between an editorial and an editorial paragraph?" Student—"An editorial is of the same nature as an editorial paragraph, but is larger, and doesn't have as much to say.—*Harper's Bazar.*

A Trade Secret.—Woodward Avenue dealer—"I say, Jake, those seventy five-cent laundried shirts ain't selling very fast, are they?" Clerk—"No, they ain't." Dealer—"Well, I guess we'll mark them ninety-eight cents then. They've got to go regardless of cost."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Thunder and Lightning.—Lightning rod agent (to boy)—"No, sir; pa's away, an' me and ma is the only ones to home: that's a dead book-agent. D'ye want to sell ma anything?" "Thunder, no," said the lightning man.—*The Epoch.*

Arthur, who is forbidden to speak at the table had his revenge the other day. As dinner began he was uneasy, and finally said, "Ma, can't I speak just one word?" "You know the rule, Arthur." "Not *one* word?" "No, Arthur, not until your father finishes the paper." Arthur subsided until the paper was finished, when he was asked what he wished to say. "Oh, nothing: only Nora put the custards outside the window to cool, and the cat has been eating them up."—*Exchange.*

Dr. Paxton whose church Mr. Jay Gould frequents, said to a reporter who asked him if Jay Gould was a Christian: "Mr. Gould is not a member of any church, and therefore is not an avowed Christian. He is a quiet, reticent gentleman, who would be apt to keep his religous experiences to himself in any event." It seems as if Dr. Paxton might be described as a reticent gentleman, whose humor was delightful dry and used with admirable discretion.—*Life.*

A Dead-Sure Pointer.—"Johnny," said the school-teacher, "in the sentence 'They held a convention,' parse the word 'convention." "Is it a political convention, please, ma'am?" "I don't know, that hasn't anything to do with it." "It would help me out considerable if I knew it was a political convention." "In what way?" "Because then I could sort of take it for granted that it was in the nominative case."—*Merchant Traveler.*

In keeping with the customs Memorial Day, and in respect to the memory of "Our Nation's Dead," the Garfield Beach Management refuse to announce any "Fourth of July, Hurrah, Boys," programme for that day. During the morning the Beach Orchestra and band will assist J. B. McKean Post of the G. A. R. in their solemn duty of strewing flowers over the graves of their dead comrades. At 2:45 P. M. the Band will go to the Beach, and during the afternoon render a specially prepared programme of patriotic and national airs. The Boating department will be ready with its fleet of row-boats for lovers of such exercise. The amusement and sporting department, including bowling alley, doll racks, and the "merry go around" for the children will be on hand. The restaurant, now fully stored and equipped, will serve meals at all hours from special bill of fare. The bathing department now reports over 200 rooms and over 700 ready for business. During the evening the band will render a programme of dance music for such as wish to indulge in that amusement.—*Advertisement in Salt Lake Tribune.*

It is stated that kissing was introduced into England by Rowena, the daughter of Hengist, the Saxon. Before Rowena's day courtships and the Sunday school picnic game of "copenhagen" in England must have been dismal failures. What kind of people were they, anyway, that they had to wait for the kiss to be introduced, instead of inventing it themselves?—*Norristown Herald.*

Political.—"Papa, what is a doubtful State?" asked little Freddy, who has been looking over the political news. "Marriage is a doubtful state, my son," answered Brown with a humorous twinkle in his eye as he looked at his better half. "Don't you think so, Mrs. Brown?" "No, I don't think it's a state at all," she answered. "To me it always seemed like a terrortory." Brown was silent.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Will Have A Spell.—Three days after Mrs. Tomzon left the home nest to spend six weeks' vacation with her mother she received a letter from her husband who, who was left behind. After reading it she announced her firm and unalterable determination to return immediately. "But, my dear, what is wrong?" asked the mother. "Wrong? Wrong? Just read that!" and she handed the loving epistle to her mother, who read as follows: "When incontrovertvl clams upon the jalusies of dormant afection riste to the surface of occasion. I am all right. How are you? Inconprehensibilts may wreck things: what then? You all right? So I. For if a man don't take care things, things won't take care him. That right? So am I. For to live in conger is better than to afection a city.

"If you love I as we love me,
No wife can bust our love in three"

"Mercy on me! What does the man mean? And can't he spell?" exclaimed the old lady.

"Spell! Of course he can. But he'll have a worse spell than that when I get home," answered the daughter viciously.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Nutritious Food.

Of all the salts connected with the vital processes, none are so important as the phosphates. They enter into the composition of the bones, muscles, nerves, brain, and wherever indeed an important function is to be performed, there is invariably present a supply of phosphates. They are present in all the forms of substantial food. If food be deficient in phosphates, it is less nutritious; this significance of the phosphates is a well-recognized physiological truth. Some forms of food vary in the amount of phosphates they contain; and in the separation of bran from flour, we lessen its value as a source of nutritious food, in some degree proportioned to the phosphates which are withdrawn.

This fact attracted the attention of Professor Horsford, some years ago, and led to many researches and exhaustive experiments in the direction of providing for the restoration of the phosphates to the food of every day life, in some practicable and economical manner. It was thus that his idea was conceived of producing a preparation that contained in itself the required phosphates, and also the power to act as a superior substitute for cream tartar, ordinary baking powders, etc., for the purpose of raising bread, biscuit, etc., thus replacing in the flour the vital principle of which it has been deprived, in a simple and inexpensive manner. The subject was made a lifestudy with him, and no one will begrudge him the wonderful success that attended his efforts.

The popular Rumford Yeast Powder is made by Prof. Horsford's process.

A Prolific Cause of Decay of the Teeth.

Dr. F. L. Secord mentions as one of the most prolific causes of decay of the teeth, the accumulation of tartar at and under the margin of the gums. This causes a receding of the gums and an exposure of that part of the tooth which is unprotected by a hard enamel. It is unecessary to tell an intelligent reader that cleanliness by means of a frequent use of the tooth brush and a good tooth powder is the best method of preserving the teeth. But two important hints may be found very useful. One is that the time when teeth need the most thorough cleansing is just before retiring, because if then the teeth are left clean, the longest interval between their being contaminated by food particles occuring at that time, they are thus kept free from corrosion for several hours. Practically, we should thoroughly cleanse the teeth after each meal, but necessarly they should be clean when we retire. The other hint is that the stomach and mouth form secretions, which become adherent to the teeth and in the interstices. These are capable of doing great injury, but can easily be neutralized if, after the ordinary brushing, we will brush some dry bicarbonate of soda on the teeth and then rinse the mouth thoroughly. This will apply the alkali solution of bicarbonate of soda to every part of the teeth and destroy the corroding acid.

On the Same Platform.

"Who ye gwine ter vote fur dis fall?" he asked, as he stood his whitewash brush against the wall and began filling his pipe.

"Dunno yit." replied the other.

"Hu! Dat looks s'pishus!"

"How s'pishus?"

"Looks like you gwine to wait fur somebody to cum along wid $2."

"Look heah, Moses, don't you talk dat way to me! Dar hain't money 'nuff in Detroit ter buy my vote! I said I dunno yit, an' I hev reasons."

"Ize listenin'."

"De reasons ar' dat it ar' too airly yit. De torchlight purseshions hev-en't come out yit. Ize gwine to wait."

"An' wote wid de party hevin' de biggest?"

"Zactly."

"Shake, Abraham! We's boaf on de same platform."—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Bank of England is the most extensive banking institution in the world. It employes over 1000 clerks, and its buildings cover 8 acres.

It has been determined that an American ship builder constructed the first sea-going steamer that ever crossed the Atlantic, the Royal William.

A Nevada ranchman shot, trapped and poisoned 4200 rabbits in four months, and then figured up that about 5,000 new ones had come to fill their places.

In pumping out the stomach of a would be suicide in Des Moines, Iowa, the other day the doctors brought up a three-cent piece, two buttons, forty cherry stones and a marble. He was an ostrich tramp.

She Tried and Knows.

A leading chemist of New York says: "No plasters of such merit as the Ath-lo-pho-ros Plasters have ever before been produced." They are a novelty because they are not made simply to sell cheap, they are the best that science, skill and money can produce, and will do what is claimed for them. For sprains, aches, weakness, lameness, etc., they are unequaled.

84 Fulton St., Sandusky, O., Nov. 21, '87.
The Athlophoros Plaster acted like magic. It is the best I ever tried and I have used many kinds. Our druggist said "plasters are all about the same" but I don't think so now. I sprained my arm and shoulder in July, and it has been painful since, but it does not pain me at all now. MRS. WILLIS MACILL.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N. Y.

nov25n.c&c 06ms.

WHAT AILS YOU?

Do you feel dull, languid, low-spirited, lifeless, and indescribably miserable, both physically and mentally; experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "goneness," or emptiness of stomach in the morning, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, dizziness, frequent headaches, blurred eyesight, "floating specks" before the eyes, nervous prostration or exhaustion, irritability of temper, hot flushes, alternating with chilly sensations, sharp, biting, transient pains here and there, cold feet, drowsiness after meals, wakefulness, or disturbed and unrefreshing sleep, constant, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity?

If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common of American maladies—Bilious Dyspepsia, or Torpid Liver, associated with Dyspepsia, or Indigestion. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. If not cured, complications multiply and Consumption of the Lungs, Skin Diseases, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, or other grave maladies are quite liable to set in and, sooner or later, induce a fatal termination.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts powerfully upon the Liver, and through that great blood-purifying organ, cleanses the system of all blood-taints and impurities, from whatever cause arising. It is equally efficacious in acting upon the Kidneys, and other excretory organs, cleansing, strengthening, and healing their diseases. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it promotes digestion and nutrition, thereby building up both flesh and strength. In malarial districts, this wonderful medicine has gained great celebrity in curing Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, and kindred diseases.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

CURES ALL HUMORS,

from a common Blotch, or Eruption, to the worst Scrofula. Salt-rheum, "Fever-sores," Scaly or Rough Skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine. Great Eating Ulcers rapidly heal under its benign influence. Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-joint Disease, "White Swellings," Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands. Send ten cents in stamps for a large Treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a Treatise on Scrofulous Affections.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

Thoroughly cleanse it by using **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength and bodily health will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofula of the Lungs**, is arrested and cured by this remedy, if taken in the earlier stages of the disease. From its marvelous power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now world-famed remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought seriously of calling it his "CONSUMPTION CURE," but abandoned that name as too restrictive for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for Consumption, but for all **Chronic Diseases** of the

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and kindred affections, it is an efficient remedy.

Sold by Druggists, at $1.00, or Six Bottles for $5.00.

Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. Address,

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Help Wanted!

Wanted at once a responsible party of good address to represent

A NEW WORK,

—BY—

HON. THOS. E. HILL, Author of Hill's Manual of social and Business Forms,

—IN—

Bloomsburg and Colubia County

An excellent opportunity to secure a good position and MAKE MONEY. Sales can be made on the Installment Plan when desired. Address for terms and particulars,

Hill Standard Book Co., Publishers,
103 State St., CHICAGO, ILL.

July 6-4w.

$100 to $300 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO. 1009 Main St., Richmond, Va. June 15-r-4t.

Write to CLARK'S Business College, ERIE, PA., or College of Commerce, Buffalo, N. Y., for circulars. The best and cheapest schools in America. Actual business interchange. Scholarships good in either College. Graduates assisted to positions. Mention this paper. CLARK & PERRIN, Proprietors.

June 8-d-4t.

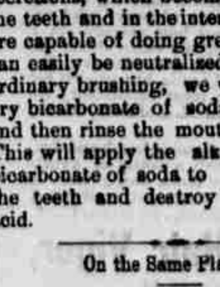
WILLIAM HART

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.,

AGENT FOR THE

KEYSTONE DYNAMITE POWDER CO.

manufactruers of the celebrated Keystone Dynamite. This explosive is giving universal satisfaction. Quotations cheerfully given. [Aug 17 88



LACTATED FOOD

150 Meals for $1.00

FOR INFANTS and INVALIDS

THE PHYSICIAN'S FAVORITE.

Possesses many important Advantages over all other prepared Foods.

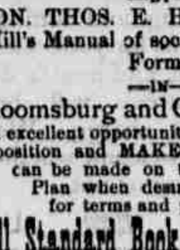
BABIES CRY FOR IT. INVALIDS RELISH IT.

Perfectly Nourishes a Baby with or without the addition of milk.

Three Sizes. 25c. 50c. $1.00.

A valuable pamphlet on "The Nutrition of Infants and Invalids," free.

It Saved my Child's Life. "When my child was born, the doctor ordered one of the other Foods. She ate that until she nearly died. I had three doctors, who said the trouble was Indigestion, and ordered the food changed to Lactated Food. It saved my child's life, and I owe you many thanks for it. I regard your Food as invaluable, and superior to all other artificial food for babies. MRS. A. J. BENFIELD, 18 Indiana Place, Boston, Mass.



It Has No Equal. "We are using in our nursery (containing forty infants) your Lactated Food, and find it far superior to all other food which has been used during the past ten years that I have been visiting physician. The Sisters of Charity, who have charge of the institution, say it has no equal." W. E. DE COURCY, M. D., St. Joseph's Foundling Asylum, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., BURLINGTON, VT.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLE



DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS. NORTH.	P M	P M	A. M.	A. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	5 40	1 35	10 10	6 15
Cameron	5 55	......	10 25	6 30
Chulasky	6 00	....	10 29	6 34
Danville	6 08	1 58	10 36	6 40
Catawissa	6 25	2 14	10 53	6 58
Rupert	6 30	2 19	11 00	7 05
Bloomsburg	6 36	2 24	11 07	7 19
Espy	6 42	2 29	11 15	7 20
Lime Ridge	6 50	....	11 22	7 27
Willow Grove	6 54	....	11 26	7 31
Briarcreek	6 58	....	11 30	7 35
Berwick	7 05	2 48	11 37	7 42
Beach Haven	7 11	2 54	11 44	7 49
Hick's Ferry	7 18	2 59	11 48	55
Shickshinny	7 30	3 09	11 58	8 06
Hunlock's	7 43	3 19	12 08	8 17
Nanticoke	7 50	3 26	12 16	8 22
Avondale	7 54	......	12 20	8 28
Plymouth	7 59	3 35	12 25	8 33
Plymouth Junction	8 03	3 39	12 30	8 38
Kingston	8 08	3 43	12 37	8 45
Bennett	8 12	....	12 41	8 49
Maltby	8 17	......	12 45	8 53
Wyoming	8 22	3 52	12 50	8 58
West Pittston	8 27	3 56	12 55	9 03
Pittston	8 33	4 01	1 03	9 09
Lackawanna	8 40	....	1 11	9 17
Taylorville	8 48	....	1 19	9 25
Bellevue	8 54	......	1 25	9 30
SCRANTON	9 00	4 22	1 30	9 35
	P M	P M	P M	A M

STATIONS. SOUTH.	A M	A M	P M	P M
SCRANTON	6 10	9 50	2 05	6 20
Bellevue	6 15	9 55	....	6 25
Taylorville	6 20	10 00	2 14	6 30
Lackawanna	6 28	10 08	2 21	6 37
Pittston	6 36	10 16	2 28	6 45
West Pittston	6 42	10 22	2 34	6 50
Wyoming	6 47	10 27	2 39	6 55
Maltby	6 51	10 30	....	6 59
Bennett	6 55	10 34	2 47	7 03
Kingston	6 58	10 38	2 50	7 07
Plymouth Junction	7 05	10 42	2 54	7 12
Plymouth	7 10	10 47	2 59	7 16
Avondale	7 14	10 51	3 03	7 21
Nanticoke	7 19	10 55	3 06	7 25
Hunlock's	7 26	11 02	3 19	7 43
Shickshinny	7 47	11 12	3 29	7 55
Hick's Ferry	7 55	11 22	3 39	8 07
Beach Haven	8 01	11 28	3 46	8 13
Berwick	8 07	11 37	3 51	8 20
Briarcreek	8 13	......	3 57	8 27
Willow Grove	8 16	11 48	4 01	8 31
Lime Ridge	8 20	11 52	4 05	8 35
Espy	8 26	11 59	4 12	8 41
Bloomsburg	8 32	12 05	4 18	8 47
Rupert	8 37	12 10	4 24	8 52
Catawissa	8 42	12 16	4 29	8 57
Danville	8 57	12 30	4 46	9 15
Chulasky	9 03	......	4 54	9 23
Cameron	9 07	12 40	5 00	9 28
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	12 55	5 15	9 45
	A M	P M	P M	P M

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect JUNE 4, 1888. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 5.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.45 p. m.; Washington 5.55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.43 p. m.—Day express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 7.55 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m.; Baltimore, 3.15 a. m.; Washington 4.35 a. m.; Pullman sleeping car from Williamsp't to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.52 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Watkins

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (daily, except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.20 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate station.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.53. a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 12.58 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.55 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.44 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.26 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.20 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.46 a. m., Sunbury 12.35 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.55 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.19 p. m., Sunbury 5.10p. m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9:25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:16 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11:45 a. m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5:10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.39 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agen;

FREE! A 96-PAGE ILLUSTRATED PAPER

Descriptive of the Soil, Climate, Productions, Manufacturing Industries and Mineral Wealth of Virginia and other Southern States. Write to W. B. BEVILL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, ROANOKE, VA.

Enclosing 2-cent Stamp

BIG MONEY!! 5000 AGENTS WANTED at once to supply TEN MILLION voters with the only OFFICIAL Lives of

CLEVELAND AND THURMAN.

by HON. W. U. HENSEL, also Life of Mrs. Cleveland, exquisite steel portraits. Voters' Cartridge Box, Free Trade Policy, &c., complete. 3000 Agents at work report immense success. For best work, best terms, apply quick and make $200 to $500 a month. Outfit 35c. HUBBARD BROS., Philadelphia, Pa. June 22-d-4t.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases and hair falling. 50c. at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS.

The safest, surest and best cure for Corns, Bunions, &c. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Never fails to cure. 15 cents at Druggists. Hiscox & Co., N. Y.

June 29-d-4t.

OLD AND INADEQUATE

STEAM MACHINERY!

can be made satisfactory, so that loss of time and expense of getting new can be avoided. It will cost nothing to correspond with the

MACHINERY IMPROVEMENT CO.

State your case and find out what they can do for you. Address LOCK BOX 2504, NEW YORK POST OFFICE, giving full particulars. July 20-r-1m

Of Interest to Ladies.

We will send a FREE SAMPLE of our wonderful specific for female complaints to any lady who wishes to test its efficacy before purchasing. Send stamp for postage. BAKER REMEDY Co., Box 104, Buffalo, N. Y.

nov 25 n c&co 1y.

SUFFERING WOMEN MARRIED or SINGLE.

When troubled with those annoying Irregularities so frequently following a cold or exposure, or from Constitutional Weakness so peculiar to their sex, should

Use DR. DUCHOINE'S Celebrated

FEMALE REGULATING PILLS.

They are Strengthening to the entire system, impart tone, vigor and magnetic force to all functions of body and mind. Sent by mail, securely sealed, $1. Address Dr. Harter Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

nov25n.c&co1y.

Vintage of Grapes for Invalids.

The Port Grape wine of New Jersey is the best medical wine in the market, and it is said that the vintage of Alfred Speer far excels any other produced. It is heavy in body, rich in flavor, and well adapted for sickly persons and for general use. It makes new blood and gives color to the pale and sickly. Leading physicians prescribe this wine in their practice, and use it at their own homes. Druggists sell it.

Summer in a Block of Ice.

A LIVE EARTHWORM FOUND INCASED IN THE COLD CRYSTAL.

A large block of ice was taken to the South Carolina Railway station this morning to supply the "coolers" on the outgoing trains—and thereby hangs a tale. Agent Wells and his corps of assistants, when they proceeded to crack the ice—which melts so soon these hot days that it is not what it's "cracked up to be"—made a discovery which would have set the New York papers, fresh in their attacks on the bacteria in the Hudson river, agog with excitement and indignation. It was not a homeless little bacterium, invisible to the naked eye and demanding a microscopic investigation to tell what it was. It was a live, wiggly, squirmy earthworm, four inches in length, in full possession of his powers of wriggling, and in fact seeming not a little refreshed by his residence in his crystal citadel. It was a cool retreat and showed a discriminating taste in the worm, if, indeed he got into such a crystal palace by his own volition. It was probably thrust upon him, a "cold wave" sweeping down the Hudson and embedding him, like a pre-Adamite shell or fossil, in a glacier, and the icemen, gleaning the frozen fields, brought him to the warm south. When the block was split open there lay the worm in his icy atmosphere as snug as a bug in a rug and as full of life as a Savannah mosquito or a St. Augustine sandfly. He squirmed and struggled like Nanki-Poo when he was released, to the amusement and wonder of a cluster of spectators. Mr. Wells still has the worm in his possession. Wouldn't it have been sad to have drunk such a thing? Ugh! An exasperated public may be excuse for drawing the line at earthworms as bacteria.—*Charleston Sun.*

A Dreadful Threat.

An Austin colored man, with protruding eyes, rushed into Justice Tegener's office and exclaimed:

"I wants Col. Jones, who libs nex' door to me, put under a million dollars bonds ter keep de peace."

"Has he threatened your life?"

"He has done dat berry ding. He said he war g'wine ter fill de nex' niggah he found after dark in his hen house plum full ob buckshot."

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, and often leads to self-destruction. We know of no remedy for dyspepsia more successful than Hood's Sarsaparilla. It acts gently, yet surely and efficiently, tones the stomach and other organs, removes the faint feeling creates a good appetite, cures headache, and refreshes the burdened mind. Give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial. It will do you good.

A Million on a Life.

The greatest achievement in the history of life insurance has been made by Mr. John Wanamaker, who is now paying premiums on $1,000,000 to twenty-nine different companies. The last policy issued on his life was received by him on Thursday last and so far as is known there is no other man in the world whose life is insured for such an enormous amount. There are a number of men in this city who have been trying for years to achieve the point just gained by Mr. Wanamaker, but they have so far failed, although John B. Stetson, the hat manufacturer, has succeeded in getting policies on his life amounting to $750,000. He is desirous of putting the amount up to a round million. The risks on Mr. Wanamaker's life are divided equally into life and fifteen-year endowments and he pays over $60,000 annually in premiums to the different companies in which his risks are placed. In the matter of paying premiums he is outdone by Mr. Stetson, who pays $85,000 in the same length of time, but the difference is accounted for by the fact that besides paying the premiums on the risks on his own life, he also pays those on the lives of his business manager and his son in law, both of whom he has insured for $100,000 each, besides holding policies for large amounts on other people's lives. Should Mr. Wanamaker allow the annual dividends to go uncollected until the risks on his life expire he will be entitled to about $1,400,000. There are three companies which carry premiums of $100,000 each on his life. But Mr. Wanamaker is not the only man in this city upon whose life big risks are issued. George W. Childs is insured for $100,000 and so is Wharton Barker. Hamilton Disston is insured for about $150,000. J. G. Darlington is insured for one-tenth of a million, and his partner, William M. Runk, for twice that amount.

TOURISTS AND TRAVELLERS will find POND'S EXTRACT of wonderful efficacy in case of accident, overexertion, catching cold, &c &c. As a liniment for pedestrian or other exercise for Athletes and Ball Players, it is simply invaluable. POND'S EXTRACT is manufactured and bottled by the sole proprietors—Pond's Extract Company, New York and London. *It is never sold in bulk, nor by measure.*

A Horrible Inheritance.

The transmission of the fearful effects of contagious blood poison is the most horrible inheritance which any man can leave to his innocent posterity; but it can be certainly mitigated and in the majority of cases, prevented by the use of the antidote which Nature furnishes, and which is found in the remedy known all over the world as Swift's Specific—commonly called "S. S. S."

Mr. J. H. Brown, of Hornellsville, N. Y., writes: "Three years I suffered with this horrible disease. Swift's Specific cured me completely."

Prof. Edwin Baar, 384 E. 22nd st., N. Y., writes: "Swift's Specific cured me of a fearful case of Blood Poison."

Dr. B. F. Wingfield, of the Soldier's Home, Richmond, Va., writes: "Swift's Specific cured me of a severe case of Blood Poison."

D. W. K. Briggs, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "I was a perfect wreck from Blood Poison. Swift's Specific restored health and hope, and I am well to-day."

C. W. Langaill, Savannah, Ga.: I suffered long with Blood Poison. I tried Swift's Specific and am perfectly well.

A. W. Buell, of Power's Hotel, Rochester, N. Y., writes: "It is the best blood remedy on earth. I cured myself with it. I recommended it to a friend and it made him well."

Mr. F. L. Stanton, of the Smithville, (Ga.) News, writes that a friend was afflicted with a case of Blood Poison, and two bottles of S. S. S. effected a complete cure.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

A. E. SMITH, ESQ.

has been for 49 years road master on the Boston & Maine system and is now residing at Great Falls, N. H. He says trackmen, brakemen, firemen, engineers and conductors, as well as baggage masters and expressmen, are subject to kidney diseases above all others. All, therefore, will be interested in the statement of his experience. "I have used Brown's Sarsaparilla for kidney and liver troubles, and can truly say it has done more for me than all the doctors I ever employed, and I have had occasion to require the services of the best physicians in the State. My wife also has been greatly benefited by its use.—A. E. SMITH, Road Master, B. & M. R. R.

The kidneys have been severely taxed all winter, as the pores of the skin have been closed, but now as warm weather has come, they need some aid. May be you have that pain across the back; that tired feeling; those drawing down pains. If so you can gain immediate relief by following the example of Mr. Smith and his wife, and use that never failing and grand corrector for the kidneys, liver and blood,

BROWN'S Sarsaparilla.

Not genuine unless made by Ara Warren & Co., Bangor, Me. May 25-d-1y.

DR. SETH ARNOLD'S COUGH KILLER

CURES COUGHS AND COLDS

PREVENTS CONSUMPTION

All Druggists, 25c., 50c., and $1.00. Prepared only by Dr. Seth Arnold, Med. Corp., Woonsocket, R. I. c28l&16

Biliousness.

Symptoms:

Want of Appetite.
Furred Tongue.
Bitter Taste.
Constipation.
Headache.
General Depression.

Treatment:

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.

This is sure and always safe.

For Sale by all Druggists. Price 25 cts. per box; 3 boxes for 65 cts.; or sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philad'a.

RICHLY Rewarded are those that read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex, young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do it as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 1ydec30.

PATENTS,

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at LESS COST than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing, or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with references to actual clients in your State, county, or town, sent free. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

DEEP Sea Wonders exist in thousands of forms, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should at once send their address to Hallet & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information how either sex, of all ages, can earn from $5 to $25 per day and upwards wherever they live. You are started free. Capital not required. Some have made over $50 in a single day at this work. All succeed. 1ydec30.

EXHAUSTED VITALITY



THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo., 125 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only $1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative sample free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P.O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulted confidentially. Office, No. 4 Bulfinch St. Specialty, Diseases of Man.

Cut this out. You may never see it again.

DRS. J. N. & J. B. HOBENSACK
Medical and Surgical Office,
206 NORTH SECOND ST., PHILADA.
ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS

For the treatment of Youthful Imprudence, Loss of Vigor, Nervous Debility and Special Diseases. Consultation by mail free of charge. Book Sent Free.

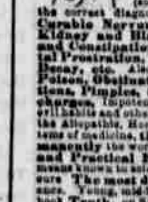
Office hours from 8 A.M. to 2 P.M., & from 6 to 9 P.M

May 11-P-&-Co.1y.

SalesmeN

WANTED. Permanent positions guaranteed with SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Any determined man can succeed with us. Peculiar advantages to beginners. Stock complete, including many fast-selling specialties. Outfit free.

Address at once, (Name this paper.)
BROWN BROTHERS,
NURSERYMEN. Rochester, N. Y.
April-27-3m.



DR. THEEL

538 North Fourth Street, bel. Green, Philadelphia. 25 years practical experience, ... June 8 '88 1y.

LADIES!

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

PEERLESS DYES!

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for strength, brightness, amount in packages, or for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crack or smut. For sale by Moyer Bros. and Jas. H. Mercer. feb17r1y.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE COLUMBIA

PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY.



DISTILLED from selected Barley Malt and guaranteed to be chemically pure and free from injurious oils and acids often contained in alcoholic liquors. It is especially adapted to persons requiring a stimulating tonic. Consumptives being greatly benefited by its use. Recommended by leading physicians as a Diuretic, Nervine, Tonic and Alterative. For Consumptives it is invaluable. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY insures a return of vigor to the stomach, a good appetite, a rich and abundant blood and increased flesh and muscular tissue. A stimulant mild and gentle in effect. Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all wasting diseases can be entirely conquered by the use of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. It is a tonic and diuretic and a powerful strengthener to the entire system. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY has proved a medicinal protection to those who pursue their avocations in the open air and whose daily work calls for exceptional powers of endurance. Ask your nearest druggist or grocer for PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY revives the energies of those worn out with excessive bodily or mental effort and acts as a safeguard against exposure in wet and rigorous weather. It will drive all malarious diseases from the system. Hard workers of every vocation and persons whom a sedentary life renders prone to Dyspepsia find in Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey a powerful invigorant and helper to digestion. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY without unduly stimulating the kidneys increases their flagging activity, counteracts the effects of fatigue, hastens convalescence and is a wholesome and prompt diuretic. Watch the label! None genuine unless bearing the signature

The analysis as it appears by the Label on every bottle: I have carefully analyzed the PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY made by M. & J. S. Perrine and find it entirely free from fusel oil, furfurol, metals and acids and is absolutely pure."—*Signed, Camilla Arthur Mater, Graduate of the Universities of Munich, Geneva and Weisbaden.*

M. & J. S. Perrine

For sale by all druggists and grocers through the United States and Canadas.

37 NORTH FRONT ST.—38 NORTH WATER ST., PHIL

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND ALL DEALERS. ja

C. B. ROBBINS,

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS

AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

We are offering great inducements to persons desiring to purchase Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

A Magnificent Upright or Square Piano for $250.00 and Upwards.



A Good Double Reed Organ, Warranted, for $65.00 and Upwards.

Among the Pianos we handle are the *IVERS & POND, C. C. BRIGGS, BAUS & CO., SCHOMACKER Gold String and Opera Pianos.* These Pianos are all first-class and fully warranted for five years.

Our leading Organs are the celebrated *ESTEY, MILLER, UNITED STATES* and other maes.

Our leading Sewing Machines are the celebrated *WHITE, NEW DAVIS, NEW DOMESTIC, NEW HOME, HOUSEHOLD, ROYAL ST. JOHN and STANDARD ROTARY Sewing Machine,* the finest and best Rotary Sewing Machine in the world.

Before purchasing write for Catalogues to J. SALTZER'S PALACE OF MUSIC AND GREAT SEWING MACHINE DEPOT, Main St., Bloomsburg, Pa.

PENNEY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR F. F. ADAMS & CO., FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO

Sole agents of the following brands of Cigars.

HENRY CLAY, LONDRES, NORMAL, INDIAN PRINCESS, SAMSON, SILVER ASH.

Alexander Bros. & Co,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO, CANDIES, FRUITS AND NUTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR HENRY MAILLARDS FINE CANDIES.

FRESH EVERY WEEK.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

ANY ORDER FOR FESTIVAL will be SUPPLIED WITH THE LOWEST Market Prices, AS FOLLOWS: ORANGES, LEMONS, BANANAS, PEANUTS, ENGLISH WALNUTS, CREAM NUTS, ALMONDS, POP CORN BALLS.

Tutt's Pills CURE Malaria, Dumb Chills, Fever and Ague, Wind Colic, Bilious Attacks.

They produce regular, natural evacuations, never gripe or interfere with daily business. As a family medicine, they should be in every household.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

nov25n.c&co1y.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, ETC., ETC.

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Sts.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL

—:o.—

The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad Street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

FRAMES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, Etc.

furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS

furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman

CHARLES KRUG, Bloomsburg, Pa

INVENTION has revolutionized the world during the last half century. Not least among the wonders of inventive progress is a method and system of work that can be performed all over the country without separating the workers from their homes. Pay liberal; any one can do the work; either sex, young or old; no special ability required. Capital not needed; you are started free. Cut this out and return to us and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business, which will bring you in more money right away, than anything else in the world. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 1y dec 8.